THE MORNING STAR

Gives the Largest Quantity

And Variety of Reading Matter,

Of Any Daily Newspaper

n North Carolina.

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as Second-class Mail Matter.

SUN	MON	TUE	WED	THU	FRI	SAT
X	X	X	X	X	1	2
3	4	5	6	7	8	9
10	11	12	13	14	15	16
17	18	19	20	21	22	23
24	25	26	27	28	29	30

Port Almanac—November 30.

Sun Rises	6.51 A M
Sun Sets	4.46 P M
Day's Length	9 h 55 m
High Water at Southport	6 87 A M
High Water at Wilmington	7 54 A M

The Weather.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., Nov. 30.

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature: 8 a. m., 41°; 8 p. m., 42°; maximum, 60°; minimum, 41°; mean 50°.

Rainfall for the day .00; rainfall for the month up to date, 2 69.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina and South Carolina, generally fair, westerly winds.

The barometer has fallen in the Atlantic Coast districts and in the Northwest; it has risen from the upper lake region Southward to Texas. The pressure continues lowest on the North Pacific Coast; it is low over Eastern Montana, and highest to the North of Lake Superior.

It is warmer in the Southern, Middle and New England States and over the Dakotas, but it is colder in the upper Lake region, the upper Mississippi and lower Missouri Valleys.

Light showers are reported from the Ohio Valley and the Lake legions, and the weather is generally fair in all other districts.

The weather will continue fair in the Southern States and generally throughout the Mississippi and Missouri Valleys.

OUTLINES

The Turkish Grand Vizier declares that if the united fleets of the Powers make a demonstration at Constantinople the Turkish Government will renounce all responsibility for the consequences especially as regards the matter of protection to foreigners. —— Rigid economy in public expenditure, it is said will be the Republican programme in the next Congress; rumor assigns Mr. Henderson, of Iowa, to the chairmanship of the Committee on Appropriations, and Mr. Boutelle, of Maine, to the head of the Naval Committee. —— The sum of $1,250,000 in gold was withdrawn from the sub-Treasury at New York for shipment to Europe. —— The Greek Government is busy fitting out iron-clads for service. —— A new march, called the "Florida Special March," dedicated to the Atlantic Coast Line, was played by the Marine Band at Washington yesterday. —— Bradstreet says the volume of general trade shows a falling off, compared with last week; general trade remains unchanged at the South. —— A negro murderer was shot to death by a mob near Montezuma, Ga. —— The Chattahoochee National Bank, of Columbus, Ga., has suspended. —— N. Y. markets: Money on call was steady at 2@3, last loan at 2½ and closing offered at 2½ per cent.; cotton dull—middling gulf 8⅝c; middling 8⅝c; Southern flour quiet and steady—common to fair extra $2.10@2.80; good to choice $2.90@3.80; wheat—spot firmer and moderately active; No 2 red in store and at elevator 68c; afloat 69½c; corn dull and firm; No. 2 at elevator 35½c; afloat 36¼c; spirits turpentine quiet and steady at 27¾@28c; rosin firm strained common to good $1.72½@1.77½.

New York has contributed $32,000 towards rebuilding the university of Virginia, and the city of Richmond $12,000. About $300,000 will be needed.

An Idaho squaw wants a divorce because her husband will not go to church with her. The red sister is catching on. But there are pale face sisters who seek divorces for much less cause.

The Mississippi river is so "down in the mouth" that it is getting filled with Gulf water, and more sea fish than Mississippi cats are caught from the wharves at New Orleans.

— The New York *Mercury* is showing what a very small opinion it has of a great editor by nominating Charles A. Dana, of the *Sun*, "which shines for all," for the Presidency.

Senator Sherman says he has told nothing but the naked truth about the gentleman who put the bug in his Presidential milk. When these fellows show up the naked truth about each other there is always something shocking about it.

Lieut. Peary, who is now at his post in the Brooklyn Navy Yard, is sufficiently amused with pole-hunting. He says if any one wants him to go on that kind of a chase again, they will have to plank down $500,000, and let him do the fitting out.

At the present rate of slaughter it is only a question of time when the seals in the Alaska seas will be exterminated. The past year the spear hunters captured 40,000 pelts, in addition to what were taken by the vessels of the commercial company which leases the monpoly of thousands from the United States. They show no discrimination in the killing, but kill the female seals which have young ones, and the result is that the young, or pups as they call them, starve to death. The past year some 29,000 of them were found dead from starvation.

There is a man in an infirmary in California whose heart has within the past twenty months migrated from the left side to the right side where it now seems to be permanently located. Up to the time of this movement, which was apparently without cause, the man never had any trouble with his heart, which behaved itself and attended to its business. It gave him considerable trouble while changing base. The physician in charge of the institution says he never heard of but two other cases like this.

There are few physicians in this country who stand higher in the estimation of the profession than Dr. Cyrus Edson, of New York, hence they and others are naturally interested in a statement recently made by him that he has in his possession a secret of a new treatment for consumption, malaria and yellow fever, which will be given freely to the profession within sixty days. His method consists in the injection of a chemical under the shin which he asserts is a bactericide.

The crow has found some friends in the United States Agricultural Department who have been writing to convince the farmer that the crow is his friend instead of the enemy the farmer has been disposed to consider him. If they succeed in this they will probably follow it up with a document or two to convince the politician who has to eat crow sometimes that it is a really nice and palatable dish.

The Augusta *Chronicle's* nimrod pronounces the fellow who reported that Kaiser William bagged in a single day 264 hares, 67 pheasants and 6 partridges a daisy liar, for to do that William would have had to make a dead shot once a minute for five and a half hours, or a shot every two minutes for eleven hours, which would have been pretty hot shooting for even a Kaiser of William's rushing build.

It is said that Tom Reed's parents intended him for the ministry. The ministry has had some narrow escapes.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

LOST—Gold watch.

D L GORE—C. C. nuts.

MERCER & EVANS—Bicycle shoes.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Miss Pearl Wescott is visiting relatives at Southport.

— Mr. Chas. Jacobs, of New York, was at the Purcell yesterday.

— Miss Mattie Davis, of Southport, is in the city visiting friends.

— Mr. S. T. Wishart, of Norfolk, Va., was a visitor at the Purcell yesterday.

— Mr. W. H. Sikes, of Spout Springs, was a visitor in the city yesterday.

— Misses Mary Harper and Henrietta Shepard are visiting friends at Scott's Hill.

— Maj. C. P. Bolles, of Washington, D. C., is here on a visit to his family.

— Mr. W. P. Eller, of Jacksonville, Fla., was registered at the Purcell yesterday.

— Mr. C. T. Hancock, of the New Berne *Journal*, was a visitor at the STAR office yesterday.

— Miss Josie Batchelor, of Charlotte, representing the Episcopal Orphanage, was a visitor at the STAR office yesterday.

— Rev. A. D. McClure and wife left Thursday for a visit to Mr. McClure's mother in Tennessee. They will take in the Atlanta Exposition on the trip.

— Messrs. G. T. Murdock, W. S. Cook, N. C.; W. G. Clark, Tarboro; W. A. Robinson, Fayetteville; W. H. Button, Spout Springs; J. J. Aitkins, Southport; W. R. Hawkins, Fayetteville; were among the arrivals in the city yesterday.

Complimentary to the University Boys.

An impromptu german was given last night in Germania Hall, complimentary to the University boys. Among the visiting ladies present were Miss Hinsdale, of Raleigh, and Miss Sharrer, of Bethlehem, Pa. Prof. DeFina's band furnished the music for the occasion. Mr. G. L. Peschau led the german.

Housekeepers who want servants are in the habit of supplying their needs from the STAR'S want column. Are you looking for a situation? The STAR'S want column will bring you the best results. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents tf

THE MORNING STAR

VOL. LVII.—NO. 59. WILMINGTON, N. C., SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 30, 1895. WHOLE NO. 8,918

THE MORNING STAR, THE OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN NORTH CAROLINA.

The Only Six-Dollar Daily of its Class in the State.

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— The stage of water in the river at Fayetteville Thursday at 8 a. m. was 4 5 feet; a rise of 1.5 feet in twenty-four hours.

— Mr. J. G. Darden, who was run over by a road-cart and severely hurt last Wednesday (as told in the STAR), is improving.

— There will be a meeting for boys at the Y. M. C. A. to-morrow afternoon at 2.15. Mr. Wallace, pastor of Immanuel Presbyterian church, will talk.

— Two alarms of fire (both false) were turned in early yesterday morning. The first alarm came from box No. 53 at 1 45 o'clock, and the other from box No. 52, at 2.10.

— The usual Sunday services will be held at Grace Methodist E. church on to-morrow and at the close of the service at night the sacrament of the Lord's Supper will be administered.

— James Whitly, colored, arrested about 3 o'clock Tnursday morning last on South Third street with two fowls in his possession, was arraigned in the City Court yesterday and required to give bond in the sum of $50 for his appearance at the Criminal Court.

FIVE HOUSES BURNED.

Small Dwellings Owned and Occupied by Colored People.

Five small frame dwellings in the southern section of the city were destroyed by fire early Thursday morning last. Colored people were the owners and occupants of all the buildings burned. The firemen and the engines, reels and trucks of the department turned out promptly in response to the alarm sent in from box No. 47; but three of the houses were in flames when they reached the place.

The fire broke out in a house on Second street, between Meares and Marsteller, owned by John H. Cowan and occupied by Edward Peterson. From this house the flames communicated to another, belonging to Cowan and from this to one owned by Ari Elkins and to two adjoining, owned by Salem J. Bell. There was insurance on Bell's houses to the amount of $665 and on his furniture for $100, in companies represented here by Mr. W. W. Hodges; Cowan carried policies for $150 each on his two houses, and Elkins $75 on his house in Mr. J. Hal. Boatwright's agency.

Meeting To-morrow at the Y. M. C. A.

An unusually interesting meeting may be expected at the Young Men's Christian Association to-morrow afternoon at 4.45. A male choir will help in leading the singing. The chief event of interest will be the address. As already announced, the association has invited Prof. Henry Louis Smith, Ph. D., of Davidson College, to come to this city and deliver a special address to men. Dr. Smith is one of the most eloquent speakers in the South. Though a young man, born in Greensboro in 1859, he has won an enviable place for himself among Christian workers of this State, and as a student, both at Davidson and the University of Virginia, he won distinction, gaining two medals for oratory, one for mathematics, for Greek and for essay writing, and taking the A. M., the A. B. and the Ph. D. degrees.

The meeting will be open to all men. A collection will be taken to defray the small necessary expenses, such as railroad fare, &c.

Magistrate's Court.

E. J. Barnitz, the white man found in Mr. B. Bellois' store Wednesday night by police officer Frost, was arraigned before Justice Bunting yesterday. Through his attorney, Mr. Jno. D. Bellamy, Jr., he waived examination and was held in the sum of $100 for his appearance at the next term of the Criminal Court.

In the case against A. H. Croom and Walter Galloway, charged with fast driving and doing bodily injury to Mrs. R. H. Moore, continued a few days ago, judgment was suspended upon representation by Mrs. Moore that the accident was unavoidable and certificate of her physician that Mrs. Moore's injuries were slight.

Arrested in the River.

Yesterday morning Constable J. P. Flynn had placed in his hands a capias for a negro named Julius Robinson, an escaped convict from the Southport jail. Upon information given later in the day, Mr. Flynn, accompanied by 'Squire Gay, of Brunswick county, and Mr. J. M. Wescott, of this city, went in search of Robinson at the Cape Fear Lumber mills and found him on a schooner loading lumber at the mills. When Mr. Flynn and party went aboard the vessel Robinson jumped over the rail into the river. Mr. Flynn immediately jumped over after him and succeeded in capturing him. Flynn brought his prisoner ashore and took him to the county jail.

One Cent a Word.

Hereafter advertisements to go in our "Business Locals" department will be charged one cent per word for each insertion; but no advertisement, however short, will be taken for less than 20 cents.

This is a reduction from former rates and it is also a convenience to advertisers, who can calculate the exact cost of their advertisements, which must be paid for always in advance.

Local Forecast.

Weather Bureau synopsis issued yesterday morning:

"The weather in this vicinity for the rest of the week will be generally cloudy and threatening, with occasional light showers and rising temperature Saturday, probably followed by colder Sunday or Sunday night."

Street railway tickets can be secured at Munds' drug store six for twenty-five cents. †

FOOT BALL.

Game Thursday Between Wilmington's Eleven and the North Carolina University Team—Score, Wilmington Eight, University Four.

Wilmington has suddenly blossomed forth from a mere nonentity in foot ball affairs to a star of the first magnitude.

The team that she put in the field last Thursday would have done credit to any foot ball community, North or South. None of the foot ball experts in the city were astonished at the result. In fact, the players from the University were clearly outclassed. Men like Daniels, Harper, Hatch and McKoy are not picked up every day.

The University players succeeded in holding their opponents, wonderfully well, considering everything, but were not even the best material that the University could furnish and when they lined up against the Wilmington team, composed of as good individual players as exists in the South to-day, they must have felt that they represented a lost cause, and the hard work that they did and the honest square foot ball that they played redounds to their credit and they should feel that even if they did not win they fought for all they were worth.

At no time in the game was the result in doubt, the Wilmington boys seeming to "go through" where and when they pleased.

It is unnecessary to say anything regarding the playing of Harper and Daniels; their reputation as foot ball players was made long ago, and the result of a scrub game could hardly increase their laurels; but there are other and younger men who desire special credit. Hatch, especially, played the game of his life—he never failed to make a gain when called on and what is still more important, in a foot ball player, after a scrimmage when he was hauled out from the bottom, he had no broken bones or complaints, but lay there with a serene smile and the ball tightly hugged to his bosom.

To the ordinary observer foot ball appears to be a mere rough and tumble fight, but it is not. As soon as the ball is in play every man knows what he ought to do and if he is possessed of the proper foot ball "sand," he does it.

That is where the work of an "end" comes in. His position is not a showy one; few people see the work he does. His business is generally to break up the interference and give the backs a chance to tackle the runner. It takes a good deal of pluck sometimes to do this. When one smashes into three it is pretty hard to tell what is going to happen, but the ends on the Wilmington team did it with few exceptions. The line proper was impregnable, the only touch-down made by the University being around Wilmington's left end. Sawyer's tackling was hard and low, Sawyer's tacking was hard and low; Southerland carried the ball by heavy plunging into the opposing line, while the blocking of King, Savage, McKoy and Holland was excellent.

The teams lined up as follows:

Wilmington—Right end, Peschau; right tackle, Southerland; right guard, McKoy; centre, King; left guard, Savage; left tackle, Holland; left end, Billiard; quarter back, Fred Harper; right half back, Tom Daniels (Sinclair); left half back, Sawyer; full back, Hatch.

Substitutes—Vick, French, Forshee, Lewis and Sinclair.

University of North Carolina—Right end, Winston; right tackle, Lake; right guard, Bagwell; centre, Joyner; left guard, Carson; left tackle, Allen; left end, Best; quarter back, Rogers (Capt.); right half back, Bailey; left half back, Harywood; full back, Williams. Substitutes, Belden, Dowd, Jones and Pease.

Officials—Umpires, Mr. Bellamy; Lieut. Hasson; referee, Mr. Belden; linesman, Mr. Merrill.

THE GAME.

Promptly at 3 p. m. Referee Belden called the game. Captain McKoy, of Wilmington, won the toss and chose the northern goal. Williams, of University, kicked off. Harper caught the ball, raced for twenty-five yards, and Wilmington, by successive rushes, carried the ball to the University's ten-yard line, where Daniels, by a run around the right end, scored a touch-down, and on a "punt out" failed at goal. Score—Wilmington, 4; University, 0.

Williams kicked off, Harper lost ball by a fluke on twenty-five-yard line, and University by brilliant end plays and good interference scored a touch-down, Williams failed at goal and time was called a few minutes later. Ball on the twenty-yard line of the University. Score—Wilmington, 4; University, 4.

During the second half Wilmington easily worked the ball down the field, scoring one more touch-down, and during the remainder of the game, had their opponents at their mercy.

Final score—Wilmington, 8; University, 4.

One thing that contributed much to the victory was the systematic and cheering applause which, led by Vick, French and the other substitutes, was inspiring and an imperative call to the team to do its best.

The work of the officials of the game was eminently satisfactory to all concerned and nothing but praise is heard on all sides. The marshals and police kept the large crowd well in check and the game went through without interruption.

The weather was find and the attendance at the grounds large. There were at least two thousand people present. The ladies were out in force, and many of them wore the colors of the University team.

Encyclopedia Britannica.

The STAR Britannica Department is still filling orders for the Encyclopædia Britannica. This is the latest and best edition of this great work. Issued in 25 volumes, bound in cloth or sheep. For full particulars read announcement on hird page, or inquire at the STAR office.

Street railway tickets can be secured at Munds' drug store six for twenty-five cents. †

RALEIGH HAPPENINGS.

A SPECIAL TERM OF COURT FOR GREENE COUNTY.

For the Trial of Contested Election Cases—Requisition on the Governor of Virginia For a House-Breaker—Thanksgiving Day—Republican Pow-wow—Ex-Judge Russell Very Largely in Attendance.

[*Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., Nov. 29.

Governor Carr has ordered a special term of court for Greene county, beginning December 20th, for the trial of civil cases only. Judge A. W. Graham will be the Judge presiding. The special term is held to decide contested election cases arising out of the last election. The contest is for the positions of Clerk of the Superior Court and Sheriff.

The Governor has made requisition on the Governor of Virginia for the delivery of Wm. Murdock McGinnis, of Richmond county, to this State. McGinnis is under arrest in Bryan county. The charge against him is breaking into a store at night. Wm. D. McLaurin has been appointed a special messenger by the Governor to go after the prisoner.

Treasurer Worth has returned from the Sunday School Convention recently in session in Goldsboro.

The Methodist church (Edenton street), of this city, has placed in the edifice three handsome chandeliers. They were given through the munificence of Mr. E. B. Barbee. They are very costly indeed.

The sheriff of Nash county brought a string of nine convicts to the Penitentiary. This is one of the largest hauls of the year.

Rev. George Rose, the negro who last Sunday made an attempt to take a seat in the congregation of the First Baptist church, was arrested yesterday on a charge of indecent exposure. Mayor Russ fined him $7 25. Rose said he was from Ceyloni, West Afrieа.

Thanksgiving was celebrated very quietly in this city yesterday. Religous worship was observed at the churches. Many parties went hunting.

The pow-wow at Metropolitan Hall was attended by a crowd of negroes. Letters were read from Senator Pritchard and Mr. Chas. A. Cook, expressing regret at their inability to be present.

Mr. Dani L. Russell made one of his characteristic speeches, which caught the negroes by storm. It suited the crowd and was a bid for their votes. The meeting is now asserted to have been in the interest of Russell's gubernatorial boom. The big Wilmingtonian declared that Fusion was a necessity and must continue.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

The fiscal year ends in the Treasury Department to-morrow with only three counties to settle taxes.

Superintendent Boone, of the Thomasville Orphan Asylum, inspected the steam laundry here to-day with a view of locating a laundry in Thomasville.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington & Weldon R R—1,038 bales cotton, 11 casks spirits turpentine, 67 bbls tar, 4 bbls crude turpentine.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.—868 bales cotton, 48 casks spirits turpentine, 308 bbls rosin, 162 bbls tar, 7 bbls crude turpentine.

Carolina Central R. R.—322 bales cotton, 48 casks spirits turpentine, 90 bbls rosin, 96 bbls tar, 11 bbls crude turpentine.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R. R.—311 bales cotton, 127 casks spirits turpentine, 234 bbls rosin, 81 bbls tar, 28 bbls crude turpentine.

Steamer D Murchison—182 bales cotton, 45 casks spirits turpentine, 268 bbls rosin, 84 bbls tar, 7 bbls crude turpentine.

Steamer Frank Sessoms—5 bales cotton, 7 casks spirits turpentine, 66 bbls rosin, 316 bbls tar, 5 bbls crude turpentine.

Steamer Lisbon—14 casks spirits turpentine, 125 bbls rosin, 40 bbls tar, 6 bbls crude turpentine.

Schooner William—18 bales cotton, 34 casks spirits turpentine 101 bbls rosin.

Total receipts—Cotton, 2,579 bales; spirits turpentine, 334 casks; rosin, 1,089 bbls; tar, 846 bbls; crude turpentine, 82 bbls.

MURDER OF J. B. BONNER.

The Work of an Organized Gang—Confession of One of the Murderers.

Late news from Aurora, N. C., where J. B. Bonner, its most prominent resident, was murdered Saturday night, is that suspicion fell upon William Brantley and David Credle, and they were apprehended and guarded separately, no communication being allowed. Credle confessed that he was present when J. B. Bonner was murdered; that W. C. Brantley did the shooting; that Uriah Bell and Sherrard Bell, the latter only 16, were also present; that there was a band of robbers, to plunder stores and people, and to murder if necessary; that E. F. Cherry and Alex Hudnell, merchants, were also to be murdered. Credle also confessed that they met Bonner face to face; that Brantley spoke to him pleasantly, then knocked him down on the sidewalk; that Bonner pleaded for his life, promising not to betray them, but offering to give them all his property, and he also begged them to spare his life for the sake of his motherless children, but Brantley said "Shoot him!" and shot him. Young Bell then shot him and all of them threw his body over the fence among the weeds, where it was found. All four of the gang lead a real Jesse James life, and organized their robber gang on that basis. All were taken to Washington, N. C., on a special steamer under guard.

Buy No Others.

All persons are hereby cautioned against buying copies of the STAR offered for sale on the streets unless, in every case, the words "For Transient Sale", are stamped on the margin of the paper. Should any newsboy or carrier offer for sale a copy of the STAR not so stamped he should be promptly reported at this office.

APPOINTMENTS.

Wilmington District, W. S. Rone, P. E.

Clinton circuit, Clinton, Nov 30th and Dec 1st.

Bladen circuit, Windsor, Dec 7th and 8th.

Wilmington, Bladen Street, night, Dec 8th.

Street railway tickets can be secured at Munds' drug store six for twenty-five cents. †

COTTON MARKET.

Hubbard Bros. Report Speculation as to the Ultimate Course of Prices.

NEW YORK, Nov. 29th.

EDITOR STAR—After a sharp advance the market has developed weakness on a liquidation of the local interests which were influential in assisting the improvement and notwithstanding the light movement of the crop, the temper of the market has become decidedly antagonistic to a further advance. The reason for this opinion appears to be due entirely to local causes, as the factors of demand and supply appear to justify the maintainance of the present range of values, if the present movement of the crop is to be regarded as any indication of the ultimate yield. It is a curious feature of the situation that the South appears to be anxious to meet each advance with selling orders which undoubtedly has caused some anxiety as to the ultimate yield, as it makes many believe the crop to be larger than the movement indicates and these offers forecast a disposition on the part of the Southern holders to meet each advance above 8¼ cents with a free supply of the cotton they hold in reserve. In all the advices from the South there is no indication of any such reserves, but the constant offerings of cotton whenever the price passes from beyond that point render merchants more than cautious and on the first indication of weakness they are quick to realize upon their holdings This nervousness naturally acts as a damper on the market, but whether it is based upon more than a natural disposition to avoid the possibility of loss, which the previous bull speculation encountered, can of course be decided only by the actual outcome of the crop.

At the moment all of the returns from the South point to a small crop, not exceeding 7,000,000 bales, and in many instances the indications are for a yield much less than the earlier estimates would seem to call for. The movement of the crop confirms the small crop estimates, being lighter than the most sanguine bulls believed probable, without any apparent effect upon prices or upon the demand from Europe, which continues upon a provokingly small scale.

On each decline the continental spinners seem willing to become large buyers, but as soon as the market advances they refuse to follow the improvement, while the English spinners, being without reserve stocks, are daily buyers of their actual consumption, if not adding something to their surplus reserves.

This puzzling array of conflicting factors is novel to most of the trade as the markets for the past five years have been usually of one character, without the constant interruption of factors to disturb the tone of the market. It is these factors first pulling one way and then another, which disturb the market, preventing the trade from having more than a temporary opinion as to the ultimate course of prices. After several years of low prices it is natural for the trade to regard present prices as high, and spinners hold the same ideas: both well founded if the supply is sufficient, but both wrong if the conditions of the trade render the supply too small for the actual requirements without creating such a drain upon the visible and invisible supply, as may cause a permanently higher range of values.

BRUNSWICK COUNTY.

The Public School Building Near Farmer's Turn-Out Burned—No Insurance.

[*Star Correspondence.*]

FARMER'S TURN-OUT, November 27.—On the morning of the 27th inst. the public school house (white) was burned by some one not known. This makes the third public school house that has been reduced to ashes in this district. The school house had been built but a few years. It cost the county nearly two hundred dollars. There was no insurance. I think that it would be advisable for the people of this community and others to insure their school houses in the future, as some of the people seem to like to practice arson.

The school had been in session only two weeks, under management of Mr. Lee Greer, of Onslow county. The attendance was good—about fifty.

It seems that the people of this community are taking great interest in their public schools. We long to see Brunswick county wake up and work in line with her sister counties in educational matters. L. C.

The Churches.

Fifth Street M. E. Church South, situated on Fifth street, between Nun and Church, Rev. W. L. Cunningim, Pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 a. m and 7.45 p. m. by the pastor. Sunday School at 3.30 p m. Class meeting at 7 p. m. The public cordially invited to all services.

South Side Baptist Church, corner Fifth and Wooster streets; Rev. J. D. Harrell, Pastor. Services Sunday at 11 a. m. 7.30 p. m. Sunday School at 2.30 p m. Church Prayer Meeting Wednesday night at 7.30.

Grace Methodist E. Church, South, northeast corner of Grace and Fourth streets, Rev. W. C. Norman, Pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 a m and 7.30 p m. Young peoples meeting at 10.15 a m in the lecture room. Sunday school at 3.30 p m. Prayer meeting and lecture Wednesday evening at 7 30 o'clock. Strangers and visitors are cordially invited to attend.

First Presbyterian Church, Rev. Peyton H. Hoge, D. D., Pastor. Services Sunday at 11 a. m., and 7.30 p m. Sunday School at 3.30 p. m. Pastor's Bible class Monday at 8 p. m., in church parlors.

St. Paul's Evangelical Lutheran Church, corner of Market and Sixth streets, Rev. K. Boldt pastor. First Sunday in Advent: English service and Holy Communion at 11 a. m. German service and Holy Communion at 7.30 p m. Sunday School at 3 p m.

Bladen street M. E. Church, South, corner Fifth and Bladen streets, Rev. J. F. Butt, pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 a m by Rev. John Bailey and at 7.30 p. m. by the pastor. Sacrament will be administered at night, using unfermented wine. Holy Ghost meeting at 4.30 p. m.

In the absence of the pastor and at his request the services in St. Andrews' Presbyterian Church to-morrow morning will be held by Thos. C. Diggs. No service at night.

Chapel of the Good Shepard, Sixth and Queen streets. There will be the usual services on Sunday at 11 a m and 8 p m.

DIED.

HAAR—On November 29th, at 8 p. m., MITA THERESA, infant daughter of John and Margaret C. Haar.

Funeral services at 3 o'clock p. m., November 30th, from the residence of its parents on Market between Ninth and Tenth streets, thence to Oakdale Cemetery.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Lost,

A Ladies' Gold Watch. Finder will be liberally rewarded by returning to the

nov 30 tf STAR OFFICE.

C. C. NUTS.

5,000 just arrived.

1,800 second-hand Spirit Casks, all kinds.

30 tons Hoop Iron.

100 boxes Cheese.

75 boxes Raisins.

100 bbls Sugar.

150 boxes Crackers.

D. L. GORE,

120, 122, 124 North Water St.,

nov 30 tf Wilmington, N. C.

COAL, COAL.

Red Ash Egg Coal,

White Ash Egg Coal,

White Ash Stove Coal,

White Ash Chestnut Coal,

Pea Coal, Furnace Coal,

Foundry Coal, Steam Coal.

Tennessee Lump Coal.

WOOD, WOOD.

Oak Wood, Ash Wood, Lightwood,

BLACKJACK, HICKORY,

and all the best kinds to be had.

Summer prices still in force.

J. A. Springer.

nov 24 tf

TO OUR PATRONS.

It gives us pleasure to wait on our customers, attend to their wants and deliver all purchases promptly, but owing to the rush of business during the past week, although we had extra help, we neglected some of our friends. We assure you—well we are going to do the best we can not only in service but in prices. We need the money and don't intend to hold our goods for big prices and let other merchants sell theirs and get all the benefit. We know the people are going to buy from those who offer the best bargains. If we are not low enough, you are competent to judge.

Hardware, Tinware, Granite Ware and Wood Heaters. Oil Heaters and Cook Stoves.

Don't forget we are now offering bargains.

Alderman Hardware Co.,

29 South Front Street.

nov 24 tf

The Famous, "Ball Bearing"

BICYCLE SHOES,

From C. H. FARGO & CO.,

Just received and on sale at $3.00 for Men's and $2.50 for Ladies', in both plain and corrugated bottoms. Specialties in

Children's School Shoes,

And Infants' Soft Bottom Shoes. Also full lines of Ladies' and Gents', Misses', Boys' and Men's Fine and Coarse Shoes, at prices to suit these times.

All kinds of Leather. Different grades of Harness and Sole Leather, Calf Skins, Cut Top Lifts, and a full line of

Lasts and Shoe Findings

in general.

Before buying elsewhere please see our stock.

Respectfully,

Mercer & Evans.

nov 10 tf

Turpentine Lands

IN BODIES TO SUIT, ON LINE OF RAILroad in Florida. These lands are owned by an estate that has to be closed by January next, and can be bought at from 50 cents to $1.50 per acre. Titles perfect. If you are looking for a location write to me for maps and full particulars.

ARTHUR T. WILLIAMS,

nov 18 D&W 2w* Jacksonville, Fla.

THE SWEETEST STORE IN THE CITY.

MORRISON'S, 103 Market St.

Fresh Candies, Fine Fruits.

Guaranteed Pure Candy.

A handsome present, a box of Tenny. nov 28 1m

A Card.

THE WILMINGTON STEAM LAUNDRY and French Dye Works, corner Front and Orange streets, wish to notify their customers that Mr. Chas. Gilbert is no longer in their employ.

Wagon No. 1, W. Keen.

Wagon No 2, Chas. Williams.

Your patronage solicited for Laundry work Dyeing and cleaning by a first class French Dyer.

nov 26 1w

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WE HELP YOU

Save Your Money.

There's a satisfaction in knowing that you are dealing with a reliable house, and that's how you feel when you go to BROWN'S. At least any old resident will tell you so.

Do You Want a Cloak or Cape?

We have secured another lot of those fine Plush Capes that were in such great demand last week. These Capes are made of the very finest Plush, in the latest shape, very full sweep, trimmed on rolling collar and front with Thibet, only $12.

You Must See

Those Beavers in Black and Tan Capes, Velvet Collars. Excellent shapes, 27 inches long, only $6.50.

HOSIERY.

Special sale of English Cashmere, Silk Plaited and Fleece lined winter weight Cotton Hose for

Ladies and Children.

Look at them. If we told you how good we think they are you'd think we are exaggerating.

If you have not examined our line of

Gents' Furnishings.

Unlaundered Shirts, Half-hose and Neckwear.

All Linen 3-ply Cuffs at 12½c pair.

Half-hose $1.75 dozen, blacks. Guaranteed stainless.

You have missed something.

Dress Goods!

Black Goods of such a reputable maker as Priestly ought to be eagerly sought for. We carry them and are offering some special bargains this week.

Eudora—Silk warp in black at $1.50.

Soleil—Has the effect of a Satin Duchess, 90c.

SPECIAL—Black Fancy Mohair at 50c a yard.

All Wool Basquette Flannel, reduced from 50c to 25c.

All Wool Sacking Flannels to close at 37½c.

Don't forget the Third Floor. It's full of sunlight when the sun's out.

Reliable Carpets.

We call special attention to our line of exclusive designs in Tapestry Brussels at attractive prices.

NEW WEAVE INGRAINS—One yard wide, reversible, equal in affect to a Brussels.

Among our BARGAINS (this week) we offer a large line of odd pieces and patterns at remnant prices.

Art Squares, all sizes.

A. D. BROWN'S,

Successor to BROWN & RODDICK

No. 29 North Front St.

nov 24 tf

Safes, Safes,

FROM $20 UP. FOR SALE LOW ONE double door combination Marvin Safe, weight 3,500. One Barnes Safe, weight 1,500. Also ten other new Safes of various makes and weights. Write or call on

SAML BEAM, Sr.,

nov 23 tf 12 Market St., Wilmington, N. C.

Cash Paid

—FOR—

Beeswax.

If you have some to sell, ship it to us, and we will allow you

28 Cents Per Pound

For it in Boston, and no charge for commission or carting. References all through the South if required.

W. H. BOWDLEAR & CO.,

Boston, Mass.

nov 16 3m [Office and Warehouse 36 Central Wharf,

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR is published every day (Sundays excepted) at the office on Front street between Princess and Market, by WILLIAM H. BERNARD, at $6 00 per year, $3 00 for six months, $1 50 for three months, 50 cents for one month. To mail subscribers, postage free, the terms are cash in advance. Delivered by city carriers at the rate of 10 cents per week for any period from one week to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).—One square one day, $1 00; two days, $1 75; three days, $2 50; four days, $3 00; five days, $3 50; one week, $4 00; two weeks, $6 00; three weeks, $8 50; one month, $10 00; two months, $17 00; three months, $24 00; six months, $40 00; twelve months, $75 00. Ten lines of solid Nonpareil type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1 00 per year, 50 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Picnics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Notices under head of "City Items" 20 cents per line for first insertion, and 10 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

An extra charge will be made for double-column or triple-column advertisements.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1 00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, NOV. 30, 1895

A NEW YORK VIEW.

We have published from time to time the views of prominent New England manufacturers and editors as to the outlook for the cotton manufacturing industry, to show that the belief that the South will eventually be the great cotton manufacturing section of this country is not entertained by Southern people alone. The fact is that the South's advantages as a cotton manufacturing section have been more closely studied by Northern capitalists and manufacturers than by our own people, and they had good reason for it, too. The numerous visits of large and small parties of Northern, especially New England, manufacturers were not merely for recreation, but for business. They came to survey the field, see for themselves, and be able to form their own opinions as to the possible or probable competition by which they might by confronted as the number of Southern mills increased and their capacity to turn out higher grades of goods became enlarged. Some of them returned professing to feel no uneasiness, as they thought there was little danger of competition in the higher grades which the large mills of their section make, and the kind in which they find the most profit, while others were candid enough to admit that there is no line of goods made up there in which Southern mills may not become formidable and successful competitors when the opportune time arrives for them to widen the scope of their work.

They who believe the Northern mills will retain the uncontested lead in the manufacture of fine goods act on the presumption that the limited capital of the South will be a bar to her rivalry, but that is an assumption which may be supported by present conditions but will not hold for the future, for the natural advantages which the South possesses will draw capital, as they have already done, and in greater amounts than they have yet done. The skilled labor which is necessary to manufacture the finer grades of goods not now made in the South will come when capital asks it to come and offers it as much or more pay than it receives elsewhere. All other things being equal the section which presents the greatest natural advantages will command the capital, and capital will command labor in any quantity and of any quality that may be desired.

There recently appeared in the Augusta *Chronicle* an interview with the editor of the New York *Dry Goods Economist*, in which he gave his views as to the relative advantages of the South and the North for the manufacture of cotton, in which he gave the artificial advantages to the North and the natural advantages to the South. The artificial advantages consist in the large amount of capital already invested in extensive plants, and in the necessary supply of trained and skilled labor, both of which may be more than offset in the long run by the superior natural advantages which will command both. But the South has also some artificial advantages to which the editor of the *Economist* refers. One of these is that the mills now being erected in the South are of the most approved kind and equipped with the most improved modern machinery, whereas many of the mills in operation in the North were constructed years ago and lack many of the desirable features found in the mills constructed now. Another is that mill building costs much less in the South than it does in the North, the difference making in some instances a good working capital. In referring to the comparative excellence of Southern and Northern goods, as a test of the efficiency of the labor employed, he said:

"The test of the relative skill employed is the quality and quantity of output. In the comparison of similar grades the output of the best Southern mills is fully as great and in some cases greater than that of the best Northern mills. It is produced with the same number of machines and the same number of operatives, and it is produced at much less cost than the product of Northern mills. Finally, it is of higher average quality than Northern product. So much for the results of skill and experience.

"Leading investors in Fall River mill stocks are also confident investors in certain mills in the South, from which they are receiving large dividends.

"Among the capitalists of Worth street there are many who have been investors in Southern mills, and were it fitting to publish a list of the directors of mills of the South the number of Worth street capitalists to be found among them would cause a sensation. In one such board elected within a few days is a prominent Worth street merchant, a great New York clothing manufacturer and two New England manufacturers identified with cotton goods, while among the stockholders are Boston capitalists, Maine manufacturers of woollens and others who have hitherto believed only in Northern investments.

"'I put my first $5,000 investment in a Southern mill,' said the Worth street merchant, 'just to help a man along. I did not regard my investment as worth anything. Since then I have changed my opinion about Southern mills.'

"The merchant in question has now probably a half million dollars invested in various parts of the South in cotton mills. He is one of the few who understand fully the greatness of the opportunity. Those who realize it are already large investors. A steady current of northern capital is already flowing South, and the current seems likely to become a torrent before long."

How much Northern capital there is invested in Southern mills it is not easy to estimate, for while announcements are frequently made of investments, sites purchased and new mills started, in most of which Southern men are interested, there are many investments that are quietly made and of which the public knows nothing.

There is little doubt as to the investments in the future which the editor of the *Economist* so confidently predicts. The only danger, strange as this may seem, will be that too much Northern capital will come this way, and eventually get control of the manufacturing industry in this section as it has in the North, concentrate it as it does there and establish a few manufacturing centers, and swallow up the smaller mills now distributed through the cotton belt more or less, notably in North Carolina. While the productive capacity would be increased the number of mills would be reduced, for large mills would take the place of the smaller ones. We do not believe that this is to be desired, but that many small mills distributed throughout the cotton belt are preferable to a smaller number of larger mills doing the same amount of work. But as business is business and money is mighty, it will probably come to that some of these days, as it has in other sections.

MINOR MENTION.

It is pretty evident that the Republicans in Congress are going to pursue a dog-in-the manger course, and that while professing to be not only willing but anxious to unravel the financial tangle and help the Treasury, they will do nothing that they can help doing. During the last Congress they refused to co-operate with the Democrats who were trying to do something to get our finances in better shape, and took advantage of the strained conditions to charge the Administration with incompetency and inability to manage the Government and the Treasury, intimating at the same time that they could and would when they were in a position to propose something with a prospect of carrying it through, present a plan of finances which would relieve the Treasury and meet the wants of the country. Since they have secured control of the House of Representatives we hear no more of this kind of talk and no suggestion of any plan at all except the do-nothing plan. Mr. Reed, who will be Speaker, is quoted as saying the other day that they had no plan, but proposed to wait until the President and Secretary of the Treasury told them what they would like to have done, and then perhaps the Republicans would do—some talking. And that is about all they will do, for they have no idea of helping the administration or relieving the Treasury while Secretary Carlisle or any other Democrat is in charge of it. The way they view it, that would be helping the Democratic party and putting it on a better footing for the next Presidential contest, and they have not the remotest idea of doing anything like that. The coming session will be one of politics mainly.

* * *

Some people have an idea that the railroads of this country are a bonanza, and that they are getting rich by the "extortions" they are practicing on shippers. This was one of the stereotyped charges of those who advocate the Government ownership of the roads, under the impression that they could be run much cheaper and therefore be more serviceable to the people, especially to the farmers. In some instances there may be truth in the charge of extortion, but there is no foundation for it as a general charge, for statistics show that the charges have been continuously reduced, and are now much lower than in some countries where the Governments have whole or partial control of the roads. But the following condensation of a portion of the last report of the Inter-State Commerce Commission, which we clip from the Philadelphia *Ledger*, will show that the railroads are not the "bonanzas" that some people suppose they are:

"Returns from 93 per cent. of the railroad mileage of the country show gross earnings of $1,003,039,693, and operating expenses of $677,677,695, leaving the very handsome sum of $325,355,918 as net earnings, which is a profit of $1,977 per mile. If these figures told the whole story railroad stock would be about the most valuable property in the country, but there is another capter, and it is told in these figures: Total income available for the payment of fixed charges and dividends, $358,419,461; dividends paid, $58,185,845; other deductions, including fixed charges, $336,851 646; result—deficit for the year, $31,076,030. It appears from this that the railroads of the United States will never be very profitable, and can never be operated very cheaply until they are free from debt. It costs, roughly speaking, half as much to pay the interest on their debts as it does to operate them."

* * *

Corn-growers in Tennessee are getting about 25 cents a bushel for their corn, but this is doing much better than the corn-growers of Central Iowa and Kansas, who are only getting 18 or 20 cent a bushel, the result of which is that many of them in the sections where fuel is high are burning it instead of wood or coal. Corn is never a profitable crop to sell as corn, unless the crop should be very short, for it is bulky and the cost of transportation is too high to leave much margin for profit even when the prices run considerably above the average figure. To the farmers of Tennessee, however, or any other Southern State, there is money in corn indirectly if not directly, even if the price is low, for if they didn't raise enough of it they would have to buy it from the West, and with the freight on it pay for it about twice or three times as much as they are getting for their surplus corn now. Raising their own corn is that much saved, and money saved is money made. With a crop large enough to give them a supply of home-fattened pork and beef, and corn enough for use in other ways they are pretty well off if they don't sell a bushel of the surplus.

Since the Anaconda mine, in Montana, was opened in 1878 it has yielded $72,000,000 worth of gold. It was originally bought for $30,000. A few weeks ago a quarter interest was sold in London for $7,500,000. The mine is now valued at $37,000,000. When Marcus Daly, one of the principal owners, began work on it with a hand windlass he thought he had a silver mine.

CURRENT COMMENT.

— Senator Sherman insists that he has written nothing but history. History, according to his idea, is merely a story of blasted hopes enlivened with numerous personal attacks upon all men with whom he had come in contact.—*Phil. Record, Dem.*

— The American merchant marine continues to dwindle. The report of the commissioner of navigation shows that the carrying capacity of the American merchant marine has decreased 50,000 tons since July, 1894. The number of vessels is about stationary, but their size is growing smaller. The commissioner points out the fact that many of the navigation laws now in force were copied verbatim by the earliest congresses from the laws of George III of England, and are more than a century old. He urges that they be repealed, and more modern and liberal laws substituted.—*Savannah News, Dem.*

TWINKLINGS.

— An up-State dairyman has put his foot in it by naming a brand of butter after New York's reform mayor.—*Yonkers Statesman.*

— "The clothes don't make the man," she sighed,
In language pat;
He saw her bloomers and he cried:
"I'm glad of that." —*Judge.*

— Farmer Wheatley (to his son at a concert during the performance of a duet)—"D'ye see, Tom, now it's getting late they do be singing two at a time so as to get done sooner."—*London Wonder.*

— Insurance Superintendent (suspiciously)—"How did your husband happen to die so soon after getting insured for a large amount?" Widow—"He worked himself to death trying to pay the premiums."—*New York Weekly.*

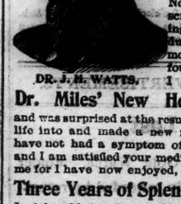
— Mudge—"Another man called me a liar last night."
Yabsley—"What did you do?"
Mudge—"Well, as he was three sizes bigger than me, I asked why he couldn't say something original."—*Tit-Bits.*

YEARS OF INTENSE PAIN.

Dr. J. H. Watts, druggist and physician, Humboldt, Neb., who suffered with heart disease for four years, trying every remedy and all treatments known to himself and fellow-practitioners; believes that heart disease is curable. He writes:

"I wish to tell what your valuable medicine has done for me. For four years I had heart disease of the very worst kind. Several physicians I consulted, said it was

Rheumatism of the Heart.



DR. J. H. WATTS.

It was almost unendurable; with shortness of breath, palpitations, severe pains, unable to sleep, especially on the left side. No pen can describe my sufferings, particularly during the last months of those four weary years. I finally tried

Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure,

and was surprised at the result. It put new life into and made a new man of me. I have not had a symptom of trouble since and I am satisfied your medicine has cured me for I have now enjoyed, since taking it

Three Years of Splendid Health.

I might add that I am a druggist and have sold and recommended your Heart Cure, for I know what it has done for me and only wish I could state more clearly my suffering then and the good health I now enjoy. Your Nervine and other remedies also give excellent satisfaction." J. H. WATTS.
Humboldt, Neb., May 9, '95.

Dr. Miles Heart Cure is sold on a positive guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. All druggists sell it at $1, 6 bottles for $5, or it will be sent, prepaid, on receipt of price by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure
Restores Health

No morphine or opium in Dr. Miles' PAIN PILLS. Cures All Pains. "One cent a dose."

Formula by all Druggists.
June 18 3m su tu th change.

Our Small Devotee.

My first evening, or night in fact, in Ponta Delgado—as well as many thereafter—was spent in the society of the most affectionately demonstrative, untiringly attentive of the inhabitants of the Azores, the very merriest, happiest of creatures, who enjoys life with a zest that is seldom equaled, who hails with delight each newcomer to the isles, and welcomes them with the most flattering warmth. We had a lively time together. A more energetic, aggressive, industrious creature I never met. Infinitesimally small, yet marvelously active, he is, I believe, the one and only native Azorean who can boast of that so common American quality, extreme nervous energy. Not even the most energetic, tireless Chicagoan, in his grand rush after the mighty dollars, could be more indefatigable, more alert and alive to anything and everything, or rather to any one and every one, than this selfsame ubiquitous Azorean flea.—St. Paul Dispatch.

"Collar" Is Old English.

Justices in New York are ignorantly fastidious in matters of English. When Mr. O'Hara, a policeman, said, "We collared him," Justice Taintor replied: "You 'arrested' him, and you ought to be ashamed for not saying so at once. Such language as you used is not fit language to use to a magistrate in a public courtroom." But Mr. O'Hara did not employ slang. The verb "collar" has long been used transitively, meaning to "seize or take hold of a person by the collar; more loosely, to capture." The verb was thus employed early in the seventeenth century. Steele, in The Guardian, No. 84, wrote, "If you advised him not to collar any man." Other instances are: Gentleman's Magazine, 1762, "His lordship collared the footman who threw it," and Marryat's sentence in "Peter Simple," "He was collared by two French soldiers."—Boston Journal.

His Age.

"Oh, yes," said the young woman with the babelike face, "I know he is over so much older than she. When they were married, she was 33 and he 32. I remember it because the figures were reversed. That was three years ago, which makes her now 36. So he must be 63."—Boston Transcript.

The following case of absence of mind is reported. An old lady, after stirring the fire with her knitting needle, took up the poker to knit with and did not find out her error till she began to scratch her head with it.

To ascertain the time at night the Apache Indians employ a gourd on which the stars of the heavens are marked. As the constellations rise in the sky, the Indian refers to his gourd and finds out the hour.

Never let a man imagine that he can pursue a good end by evil means. The evil effect on himself is certain.—Southey.

The value of the farm products of New England has steadily declined for a number of years.

ALL PAIN GOES WHEN PAIN-KILLER COMES

For Colic, Cramps, Cholera Morbus and all Summer Complaints, there is no cure equal to Pain-Killer. Get a bottle to-day. Keep it constantly on hand, for there is no kind of pain or ache—internal or external—that

Pain-Killer

will not relieve. Genuine bottle bears name of PERRY DAVIS & SON. Look out for imitations and substitutes. Double the former quantity for 25 cents.

June 8 sa fr we

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

—Columbus *News:* Mr. Cora Britt died at her home in Western Prong township last Sunday. She was a daughter of Mr. Dillon Baldwin, and had only been married a few months.

— Winston *Sentinel:* Little Frank Penn, son of Mr. F. R. Penn, of Reidsville, while hunting yesterday afternoon accidentally shot himself through the bowels and died in fifteen minutes. He was a bright boy of 15.

— Laurinburg *Exchange:* Mrs. Janette McGirt died Friday night at her home near McGirt's Bridge, aged 67 years. —Sheriff McLaurin carried Mr. James Walter McLaurin who was recently adjudged insane by a called court in Rockingham, to Morganton Asylum last week.

— Rocky Mount *Argonaut:* In travelling over the country we cannot help but notice the signs of prosperity on every hand. New dwelling houses and out houses going up on nearly every farm with all kinds of other improvements also going on. Our farmers are getting in good shape and from all indications are going to keep there.

— Goldsboro *Messenger:* After a short illness, Mr. James G. Smith, one of Goldsboro's oldest citizens, breathed his last Saturday morning at 12.20 o'clock, of paralysis, in the 79th year of his age. —An incendiary fire destroyed the saw, planing and grist mill of Mr. G. W. Thompson, at Saulston, Saturday morning about 2 o'clock. We learn that the loss will amount to about $1,500, which is only partly covered by insurance.

— Mount Airy *News:* The Mount Airy Woollen Mills, which were destroyed by fire last summer, are to be rebuilt. Messrs. W. S. Allred and A. G. Trotter have formed a copartnership and will rebuild the mills at once. —Last Saturday morning a peculiar accident occurred at Walnut Cove, Stokes county. Pink, the 12-year old son of Mr. S. C. Rierson, while returning from a hunt, passed through the yard of Mr. Joel Hill, where there was a young negro woman by the name of Branic at work. Young Rierson's gun was accidentally discharged while across his shoulder, the load taking effect in the young woman's head, killing her instantly.

— Salisbury *Herald:* Saturday two white men, Garland Allen and Wash. Edwards, while returning home from Mount Airy, met a negro boy, Will Rawley, going to town with a load of wood. Words were passed as to the right of way and the negro was assaulted. He unhitched, returned home, informed his father, Wiley Rawley, and the two then took a straight cut through the woods, intercepted the white men and asked them why they had troubled the boy. Both white men then commenced shooting and shot Wiley three times in the abdomen, chest and leg. He will hardly recover. The boy was not hurt. The negroes were unarmed. The white men escaped to their homes in Virginia.

JUST TOO LATE.

"Never!" said Mr. Parrham.

"Isn't that rather a sweeping declaration?" said Miss Glenn, who sat opposite.

Mr. Parrham was a rich bachelor, portly, sleek and well to do, and his "never" applied to the great question of matrimony as regarding himself. Kitty Glenn was—well, she certainly was not an old maid, but she was 29, with brown eyes and bright chestnut hair and lips fresh and crimson as the earliest strawberry of the season. And Mrs. Parrham, the old bachelor's sister-in-law, had been doing her best to "get up a match" between them.

"No," said Mr. Parrham, "I don't think it is. Marriage is altogether a mistake!"

"Oh, Paulus!" chirped Mrs. Parrham, with a tiny shudder. "That's flying in the face of Scripture!"

"How?" demanded Mr. Parrham.

"Don't the Bible say, 'It is not good for man to be alone?' "

"Ah-h-h," said Mr. Parrham convincingly, "but we haven't lived up to the Bible ever since. We have degenerated, Sarah. Marriage is a mistake. Any man who sells his birthright of freedom and independence for a wedding ring and a pretty face deserves to be put in bondage. I shall never be such a fool!"

Did Kitty's head drop a very trifle as Mrs. Parrham watched her? Nevertheless there was a very perceptible movement or relief in the room when Charley March entered—a tall young fellow, with laughing eyes and a healthy complexion.

"You don't know what you have lost, Mr. March," said Mrs. Parrham lightly.

"What?" demanded Charley.

"A dissertation on matrimony."

"Oh, that's a question that I have nothing to do with."

And he glanced as he spoke at Kitty Glenn.

"It's too bad," said Mrs. Parrham to Kitty that night.

"What is too bad?" questioned Kitty innocently.

"He would have made you such a splendid husband," sighed Mrs. Parrham.

"Pooh! That's all past and gone!"

While Mr. Parrham, in his own snug room, enwrapped as it were in the fragrance of a Havana, chuckled to himself as he thought how nicely he had outwitted the scheming clique of women down stairs.

A week afterward and the mental and spiritual clime had changed.

"I'm not going to be very sick, am I?" asked Mr. Parkham.

"Oh, no!" answered Dr. Medrick. "It's nothing but a little touch of inflammatory rheumatism! I had a patient last week who's been down with it for seven weeks. Couldn't lift his finger without screaming. I assure you!"

"I can't take care of him any longer, Kitty," said poor little Mrs. Parrham, coming out, pale and haggard, at the expiration of a weary fortnight. "He says I get the gruel too hot and the tea too cold, and I step like an elephant, and rustle my dress as if I were robed in newspapers, and, do what I will, I can't please him! And he won't have a nurse—a mere mercenary, he calls it—and what shall I do?"

"There, there," soothed Kitty. "Don't cry! I'll see what I can do."

Some people have dewy coolness at their fingers' ends, mesmeric influences in every step or touch. The invalid's fevered impatience subsided as she moved softly about the room.

"If you were to stay and nurse me, I should get well," he said piteously.

"Then I'll do my best," said Kitty quietly. "Only, if you are not good, I shall go away."

Mr. Parrham frowned and then smiled. After all, dignity aside, there was something very pleasant in thus becoming a more spoiled, humored child in such beautiful hands as those of Kitty Glenn, and being admonished that he must be "good" by a voice which was as sweet as a bird's.

And the third day, as Mr. Parrham was waiting eagerly for his soup, in came his sister-in-law.

"Where's Kitty?" he demanded dolorously, wrinkling up his broad brow like a 4-year-old about to cry.

"She's gone riding with Mr. March. It's quite an old engagement and she couldn't very well escape it, but she will be back by 4 o'clock."

"Four o'clock! How am I to get along until then?"

"I'm sure I don't know," said Mrs. Parrham, who possessed one great disqualification for a sick chamber. "Try your broth, Paulus. It's very nice!"

"It's sea-n-alding," said the invalid. "I won't touch a mouthful till she comes back."

"Do, Paulus," urged Mrs. Parrham nervously. "Oh, dear, what will the doctor say?"

"I don't care what he says," growled the sick man.

When she came back, Mrs. Parrham indulged in a burst of hysterical sobs.

"Don't leave us again, Kitty," she bewailed, "or I shall certainly die! He is such a trial."

And Kitty laughed and went straight into the sick room with her bonnet still on to scold the patient for his bad behavior.

"Kitty," said he one twilight as she stood opposite him, looking very pretty and very graceful, "how can I ever thank you for all you have done? It will take a whole lifetime to express my gratitude!"

"I hope not," said Kitty, shrugging her shoulders. "That would be very tiresome to both of us!"

"Nevertheless I shall try it," said Mr. Parrham. "Kitty, I've a question I want to ask you."

"Ask away," said Kitty blithely.

"Will you be my wife?"

"Thank you," said Kitty, "but I'm engaged."

"Engaged!"

"Yes; to Mr. March. We are to be married in May."

"But, Kitty"—

"First come, first served," asserted the young lady calmly. "I won't deny, Mr. Parrham, that I did fancy you a little once, but you declared yourself devoted to celibacy and Mr. March was pressing and eager, and—dear me, what was a girl to do?"

And as she ran blithely away Mr. Parrham sank back in his chair, convinced that he was the most miserable of men in that he had made his matrimonial offer—"too late."—New York News.

Maine Gold.

Not a few people in Maine make at least a living by gold mining. Gold is found in many parts of the state, but in small quantities or under such circumstances as make systematic mining unprofitable. A "miner" living near Byron brought into Lewistown recently a nugget of gold weighing over an ounce. He makes $9 or $8 a day gold mining.

Doubly Afflicted.

"Hi, Jimmy, wot's de matter?"
"Back's blistered."
"Swimmin or lickin?"
"Both."—Chicago Record.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R R BELLAMY. †

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, and take no other kind. †

A Household Treasure.

D. W. Fuller, of Canajoharie, N. Y., says that he always keeps Dr. King's New Discovery in the house and his family has always found the very best results to follow its use: that he would not be without it procurable. G. A. Dykeman, Druggist, Catskill, says that Dr. King's New Discovery is undoubtedly the best Cough remedy; that he has used it in his family for eight years, and it has never failed to do all that is claimed for it. Why not try a remedy so long tried and tested. Trial bottles at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

Make a Pie

Shorten it with Cottolene instead of lard and see what a crisp crust it will have; how delicious and wholesome it will be. Pie made with Cottolene will do a dyspeptic *good*. Do everybody good because it is good. There is only one secret in cooking with Cottolene—use but two-thirds as much as you would naturally use of lard. Follow this rule and Cottolene will do the rest.

Genuine is sold everywhere in tins with trade-marks—"Cottolene" and steer's head in cotton-plant wreath—on every tin.
Made only by
THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY,
St. Louis and Chicago.

nov 6 tf tu th sa change

Some Late Moon Theories.

Have you seen the latest scientific treatise on the probable cause of the moon's rugged surface? It is a well known fact that every mile of lunar surface compares very favorably with the most mountainous portions of Switzerland, being a succession of high pinnacles, deep holes and seemingly bottomless chasms.

The best existing maps of the moon's surface show 139,856 of these craterlike holes and over 100,000 mountain peaks, or projections, which compare favorably with what we know to be mountain peaks. Not longer since than last summer the astronomers gave it as their opinion that these craterlike holes and mountain peaks had been caused by a prodigious shower of aerolites, or meteorites. That theory has been recently knocked out by a noted European astronomer, M. Verde, who gives it as his opinion that the moon was originally a vast aggregation of miniature planets which have amalgamated, or coalesced, into one. According to his theory, the openings and projections are the interstices which were left when the separate fragments came together to form the ball which all now recognize as the Queen of Night. He says that in all probability there are several holes which reach entirely through the lunar world. —St. Louis Republic.

Did You Ever

Try Electric Bitters as a remedy for your troubles? If not, get a bottle now and get relief. This medicine has been found to be peculiarly adapted to the relief and cure of all Female Complaints, exerting a wonderful direct influence in giving strength and tone to the organs. If you have Loss of Appetite, Constipation, Headache, Fainting Spells, or are Nervous, Sleepless, Excitable, Melancholy or troubled with Dizzy Spells, Electric Bitters is the medicine you need. Health and Strength are guaranteed by its use. Large bottles only fifty cents at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—			
2-lb Jute		@	5½
Standard	7½@		6¾
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ₩ lb	13½@		14
Sides ₩ lb	7½@		7½
Shoulders ₩ lb	6 @		6½
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ₩ lb	5½@		5½
Shoulders ₩ lb	5½@		5
BARRELS— Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each		@	1 10
New New York, each	1 35	@	1 40
New City, each		@	1 40
BEESWAX ₩ lb	26 @		27
BRICKS—			
Wilmington, ₩ M	6 50	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina, ₩ lb	15		
Northern	23	@	
CORN MEAL—			
Per bushel, in sacks		@	45
Virginia Meal	57	@	45
COTTON TIES— ₩ bundle		@	85
CANDLES— ₩ lb—			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	9	@	10
CHEESE— ₩ lb—			
Northern Factory	10	@	11
Dairy, Cream	11	@	12
State		@	10
COFFEE— ₩ lb	27	@	28
Laguyra	20	@	23
Rio	15½	@	20
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ₩ yard	7	@	7½
Yarns, ₩ bunch	18	@	20
EGGS— ₩ dozen	10	@	13½
FISH			
Mackerel, No. 1, ₩ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ₩ half-barrel	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ₩ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ₩ half-barrel	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ₩ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ₩ barrel	3 25	@	3 50
Mullets, ₩ pork barrel	6 00	@	6 50
N. C. Roe Herring ₩ keg	3 50	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ₩ lb	5	@	10
" Extra	3 25	@	3 50
FLOUR— ₩ barrel—			
Low grade		@	3 00
Choice	2 75	@	3 00
Straight	3 75	@	4 00
Fine Patent		@	4 25
GLUE— ₩ lb	17½@		18
GRAIN— ₩ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bags—White	47½@		45
Corn, cargo, in bulk—White	47½@		45
Corn, cargo, in bags—White	47½@		45
Oats, from store		@	45
Oats, Rust Proof		@	45
Cow Peas	65	@	60
HIDES, ₩ lb—			
Green		@	6
Dry		@	8
HAY, ₩ 100 lbs		@	1 00
Eastern		@	90
Western		@	90
North River		@	85
HOOP IRON, ₩ lb	2	@	3½
LARD, ₩ lb—			
Northern	6½@		6½
North Carolina	5 @		10
LIME, ₩ barrel		@	1 25
LUMBER (city sawed) ₩ M feet—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough-Edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES, ₩ gallon—			
New Crop Cuba, in hhds		@	28
" " in bbls		@	28
Porto Rico, in hhds	35	@	37½
" " in bbls	26	@	30
Sugar-House, in hhds	13	@	14
" " in bbls		@	15
Syrup, in bbls	13	@	25
NAILS, ₩ keg, Cut, 60d basis		@	2 80
PORK, ₩ barrel—			
City Mess	10 50	@	11 00
Rump		@	10 00
Prime		@	9 00
ROPE, ₩ lb	10	@	22
SALT, ₩ sack Alum		@	75
" Liverpool		@	65
Lisbon		@	
A nerican		@	55
on 125 ₩ Sacks	42	@	43
SHINGLES 7-inch, ₩ M	5 00	@	7 00
Common	2 00	@	3 50
Cypress Saps	4 50	@	5 00
Cypress Hearts		@	7 50
SUGAR, ₩ lb—Standard Grans'd	4½@		5
Standard A		@	4¾
White Ex. C		@	4¼
ExtraC, Golden	4	@	4¼
C, Yellow		@	4
SOAP, ₩ lb—Northern	3½@		6
STAVES, ₩ M—W. O. Barrel	9 00	@	14
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ₩ cubic foot—Shipping	20	@	9 00
Mill, Prime	00	@	7 00
Mill, Fair	00	@	6 00
Common Mill	00	@	2 50
Inferior to Ordinary	00	@	00
TALLOW, ₩ lb	3	@	3½
WHISKEY, ₩ gallon—Northern	1 00	@	1
North Carolina	1 00	@	1
WOOL, ₩ lb—Washed	14	@	
Unwashed	13½	@	
Burry		@	

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKETS.

STAR OFFICE, Nov 29.

NAVAL STORES.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Quoted steady at 24½ cents per gallon for country and 25½ cents for machine-made casks.

ROSIN—Market firm at $1 80 per bbl for Strained, and $1 85 for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market steady at 95 cents per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market quoted on 'Change easy at $1 10 for Hard, $1 50 for Yellow Dip and $1 60 for Virgin. Inspectors quote Hard, $1 25; Virgin and Yellow Dip, $1 60.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine 24½c; rosin, strained, 60 97½; good strained $1 03½; tar $0.90; crude turpentine $1 10, 1 50, 1 70.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	894
Rosin	1,059
Tar	846
Crude Turpentine	83

Receipts same day last year—147 casks spirits turpentine, 987 bbls rosin, 583 bbls tar, 65 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON MARKET.

Steady on a basis of 8¼c for Middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	5⅞ cts ₩ lb
Good Ordinary	7⅛ " "
Low Middling	7 13-16 " "
Middling	8¼ " "
Good Middling	8 9-16 " "

Same day last year, middling 5¼c.

Receipts—2,579 bales; same day last year 4,251.

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, November 29.—Evening—Money on call to-day steady at 2@3, last loan at 2½ and closing offered at 2½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper was 4½@5 per cent. Sterling exchange was easier; actual business in bankers' bills 487½@487¾ for sixty days and 489 @489¼ for demand. Commercial bills 486½@487¼. Government bonds steady; United States coupon fours 111¾; United States twos 97. State bonds firmer; North Carolina fours 104; North Carolina sixes 124 bid. Railroad bonds were stronger.

Silver at the Stock Exchange to-day was easier.

COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK, November 29—Evening—Cotton dull; middling gulf 8¾c; middling 8¾c.

Cotton futures market closed steady; November nominal, December 8 35@8 36, January 8 39, February 8 44; March 8 49, April 8 53, May 8 57, June 8 60, July 8 61, August 8 62, September —, October 8 15 Sales 167,500 bales.

Cotton—net receipts 500 bales; gross 7,564 bales; exports to Great Britain 4,969 bales; to France — bales; to the Continent 2,547 bales; forwarded 3,518 bales; sales 1,075 bales, sales to spinners 175 bales; stock (actual) 183,800 bales.

Weekly—Net receipts 4,937 bales; gross 38,691 bales; exports to Great Britain 7,924 bales; to France 448 bales; to the Continent 7,898 bales; forwarded 16,800 bales; sales 2,817 bales; sales to spinners 817 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 28,618 bales; exports to

Castoria

For Infants and Children.

Castoria promotes Digestion, and overcomes Flatulency, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, and Feverishness. Thus the child is rendered healthy and its sleep **natural. Castoria** contains no Morphine or other narcotic property.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 South Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

From personal knowledge and observation I can say that Castoria is an excellent medicine for children, acting as a laxative and relieving the pent up bowels and general system very much. Many mothers have told me of its excellent effect upon their children."
DR. G. C. OSGOOD, Lowell, Mass.

"For several years I have recommended 'Castoria,' and shall always continue to do so as it has invariably produced beneficial results."
EDWIN F. PARDEE, M.D., 125th Street and 7th Ave., New York City.

"The use of 'Castoria' is so universal and its merits so well known that it seems a work of supererogation to endorse it. Few are the intelligent families who do not keep **Castoria** within easy reach."
CARLOS MARTYN, D.D., New York City.

What is Castoria

A Practically Perfect Preparation For Children's Complaints

C.A.S.T.O.R.I.A

ONE-HALF SIZE OF BOX.

POZZONI'S COMPLEXION POWDER has been the standard for forty years and is more popular to-day than ever before.

POZZONI'S is the ideal complexion powder—beautifying, refreshing, cleanly, healthful and harmless. A delicate, invisible protection to the face.

With every box of POZZONI'S a magnificent Scovill's GOLD PUFF BOX is given free of charge.

AT DRUGGISTS AND FANCY STORES.

feb 4 1y

Wants.

One Cent a Word.

Advertisements under this heading —Help and Situations Wanted, For Rent, For Sale, Lost and Found, One Cent a word each insertion. But no advertisement taken for less than Twenty cents. my 26 tf

FOR MAN AND BEAST!

Mexican Mustang Liniment

CURES

Sciatica, Lumbago, Rheumatism, Burns, Scalds, Stings, Bites, Bruises, Bunions, Corns,	Scratches, Sprains, Strains, Stitches, Stiff Joints, Backache, Galls, Sores, Spavin Cracks.	Contracted Muscles, Eruptions, Hoof Ail, Screw Worms, Swinney, Saddle Galls, Piles.

THIS GOOD OLD STAND-BY accomplishes for everybody exactly what is claimed for it. One of the reasons for the great popularity of the Mustang Liniment is found in its universal applicability. Everybody needs such a medicine.

The Lumberman needs it in case of accident.
The Housewife needs it for her teams and his men.
The Canaller needs it for his teams and his men.
The Mechanic needs it always on his work bench.
The Miner needs it in case of emergency.
The Pioneer needs it—can't get along without it.
The Farmer needs it in his house, his stable, and his stock yard.
The Steamboat man or the Boatman needs it in liberal supply afloat and ashore.
The Horse-fancier needs it—it is his best friend and safest reliance.
The Stock-grower needs it—it will save him thousands of dollars and a world of trouble.
The Railroad man needs it and will need it so long as his life is a round of accidents and dangers.
The Backwoodsman needs it. There is nothing like it as an antidote for the dangers to life, limb and comfort which surround the pioneer.
The Merchant needs it about his store among his employees. Accidents will happen, and when these come the Mustang Liniment is wanted at once.
Keep a Bottle in the House. 'Tis the best of economy.
Keep a Bottle in the Factory. Its immediate use in case of accident saves pain and loss of wages.
Keep a Bottle Always in the Stable for use when wanted.

The Morning Star.

INDIAN CRADLE SONG.

Swing thee low in thy cradle soft,
Deep in the dusky wood,
Swing thee low and swing aloft—
Sleep as a papoose should,
For safe in your little birchen nest
Quiet will come and peace and rest
If the little papoose is good.

The coyote howls on the prairie cold,
And the owlet hoots in the tree,
And the big moon shines on the little child
As it slumbers peacefully.
So swing thee high in thy little nest,
And swing thee low and take the rest
That the night wind brings to thee.

The father lies on the fragrant ground
Dreaming of hunt and fight,
And the pine leaves rustle with mournful sound
All through the solemn night,
But the little papoose in his birchen nest
Is swinging low as he takes his rest
Till the sun brings the morning light.
—E. D. Barker in Detroit Free Press.

FORTY-FOUR YEARS IN GOTHAM.

Yet the Bogus Letter Carrier Had an Easy Time "Bunkoing" Him.

A young man perhaps 25 years old, smooth shaven and dressed in a dark suit of clothes, walked rapidly through East Fourteenth street near Third avenue one morning not long ago. The young man himself looked thoroughly respectable. He had a good face, with a boyish look, which rather inspired confidence in the possessor.

As the young man walked swiftly along he seemingly espied an acquaintance approaching him, for his face suddenly lighted up, and he hastened up to a middle aged man and spoke a hearty "Good morning." The man addressed looked puzzled, "but before he could say anything the other, stopping squarely in front of him so as to stop his passage, went on:

"Well, the old lady is dead. Yes, she died last night, poor soul. She had been ill some time, you know, and so the blow was not unexpected."

The guileless looking young man here drew his right coat sleeve across his eyes, tried to coax an unwilling tear and hastily continued:

"You don't seem to remember me. Why, I am the postman on your beat. I deliver letters every day at your boarding house. My name is Haney, Ed Haney. Perhaps you don't recognize me because I am in citizen's clothes. You see, I am off today, of course, because of my mother's death, and I am going to arrange for the funeral."

The middle aged man really began to recognize the features of the supposed letter carrier—at least he thought he did. So he expressed his sympathy and was about to move on, when the younger man took a heavy gold ring—it looked like gold—from his pocket and said: "Here's a gold ring of mine. I paid $10 for it. Now, I wish you would keep it for me for a few days until after the funeral."

The other took the ring mechanically, all the while in a state of wonder. His companion continued: "I have got to hurry over to Williamsburg to see about the funeral. I don't draw my money until tomorrow. Now, if you could let me have a couple and keep the ring until after the funeral—you can leave the ring with the landlady, and I'll leave the money with her and—thank you, thank you!"—

The middle aged man drew out a $2 bill, gave it to the young man, who thus expressed his thanks and hastened away.

The middle aged man stood still until the other turned the corner into Third avenue and disappeared. Then he began to doubt the identity of "Ed Haney, letter carrier." He hastened down to the substation of the postoffice in Eighth street. Of course he learned there that there was no such letter carrier of the name in the district. In short, it dawned on him that he had been taken in. "Forty-four years old, lived in New York all my life, and—whew!" This was his comment.—New York Tribune.

Mapleson's Ruse.

When Mapleson was on a tour in Dublin, Mlles. Salla and Anna de Belocca were in the company. On arriving at the hotel both ladies chose the best suit of rooms in it, each saying, "These will do for me." "I shall have them," said Salla. "I am prima donna." "There are two prima donnas," returned Belocca, "myself and Patti." This began a furious quarrel. Mapleson went to the hotel keeper and ascertained that there were some other rooms nearly as good. He enjoined the man to declare that they were for Lady Spencer, wife of the viceroy, and stand to the statement. He then called him up and said loudly: "Both these ladies must have equally good rooms. Where are the others?" "The only others as large are reserved for the Countess Spencer," returned the hotel keeper. "But we could see them?" exclaimed both singers at once. "Oh, yes," said the man, leading the way. Belocca instantly flew up stairs past him into the suit, and locking the door in their faces shouted through the keyhole that Lady Spencer must get on as best she could, leaving Mapleson to congratulate himself on the effect of his strategem.

America's Frostless Belt.

What is supposed to be the only frostless belt in the United States lies between the city of Los Angeles and the Pacific ocean. It traverses the foothills of the Cahuenga range and has an elevation of between 200 and 400 feet. In breadth it is perhaps three miles. The waters of the Pacific are visible from it, and the proximity of the ocean has of course something to do with banishing frosts. During the winter season this tract produces tomatoes, peas, beans and other tender vegetables, and here the lemon flourishes, a tree that is peculiarly susceptible to cold. Tropical trees may also be cultivated with success, and in connection with this fact it is interesting to know that a part of the favorite territory has been acquired by Los Angeles for park purposes, and it is only a question of time when the city will have the unique distinction of possessing the only tropical park in the United States. Strange to say, only the midway region of the Cahuenga range is free from frost, the lower part of the valley being occasionally visited.—New York Post.

O'Connell's Legal Wit.

O'Connell once defended a man of the name of John Connor on a charge of murder in Cork, and the principal witness for the crown was a policeman who found the prisoner's hat, which he left behind him in his flight from the scene of his guilt. After traveling backward and forward, as was his habit in cross examination, from the all important question as to the identity of the hat he thus continued, "Now, then, you swear that the hat in my hands is the hat you found—in every particular the same?" Witness—"I do." O'Connell—"And inside the hat was written the prisoner's name" (looking into the hat and spelling the name very slowly), "J-o-h-n C-o-n-n-o-r?" Witness—"Yes." O'Connell (holding up the hat in triumph to judge and jury)—"My lord and gentlemen of the jury, there is no name in the hat at all." This made a sensation, and ultimately the prisoner was acquitted.

Freshest News.

Mr. Joseph Willard, for a long time clerk of the superior court of Massachusetts, in Boston, relates in his "Half a Century With Judges and Lawyers" many good anecdotes.

Colonel Edward G. Parker, who was rather pedantic, wrote a life of Mr. Choate. He was relating an incident which happened in the third century before Christ, about the time of the death of Ptolemy III, and he appealed to John S. Holmes, who stood by.

"Didn't he die about that time, John?"

"Who's that that's dead?" asked Holmes.

"Ptolemy III," said Parker.

"What! What!" said Holmes, stretching out his hands. "You don't say he's dead?"

A SHATTERED HARP.

The secretary and his young wife were yet in the glamor of their honeymoon. No considerations of convenience, no passing inclination had united them. Love, ardent and proved by years of patient waiting, was the seal of their union. They had known each other as little children, and their hopes and plans had grown together, but Sellner's uncertain position forced them to postpone for a long time the fulfillment of his hopes. At last he received his appointment, and on the following Sunday he led his bride into their new home. When the long summer days of congratulations were ended, how gladly they spent the beautiful evenings together, with no third person to claim and share in their joy! Plans for coming days filled the hours. They were both of them fine musicians, and Sellner's flute and Josephe's harp made sweet music during the enchanted evenings, which sped all too quickly. The deep harmony of their instruments was an auspicious omen for their future.

One evening after they had played long together Josephe complained of a violent headache. It had begun in the morning, and the day's work and the evening's pleasure had wrought seriously upon her delicate nerves. Sellner sent at once for a physician, who assured them that she would recover in the morning. But after an extremely restless night, during which she raved incessantly, the doctor found poor Josephe with the symptoms of a nervous fever. He devoted himself zealously to the case, but Josephe grew worse daily. Sellner was beside himself. On the ninth day the physician lost hope, and Josephe herself felt that she could not live much longer. She awaited the end with gentle resignation.

"Dear Edward," she said to her husband, "with deep sorrow I leave this beautiful earth, where I have found thee and highest blessedness; but, though I may not linger longer in thine arms, Josephe's love shall be round about thee until we meet again above."

She sank back and fell asleep. It was in the evening at the ninth hour.

Sellner's sorrow was unspeakable. He struggled long with life. His grief destroyed his health, and when after many weeks he arose from his sickbed he was without a vestige of his former youthful vigor. Deep melancholy fastened upon him. He had left Josephe's room as it was before her death, and every evening he made a pilgrimage to this sanctuary of his love. Hither on a clear moonlight night he came and stood as in the time of his happiness, leaning upon her window. Into the sweet tones of the flute he breathed his yearnings toward her who had gone. Suddenly from a neighboring tower the watchman cried the ninth hour. As if struck by a light spirit hand, the harp answered to his flute. Overcome with awe, Sellner ceased playing on the flute. The strains of the harp also ceased. With deep emotion he now began Josephe's favorite song, and the strings sent forth strong, loud notes in accompaniment to his melody. He sank to the floor, with a shudder of joy, and stretched out his arms to embrace the beloved shadow. He felt himself breathed upon as by the warmth of spring, and a pale, shimmering light shone round him.

"I know thee, blessed shadow of my sainted Josephe!" he cried. "Thou didst promise in love to be round about me! Thou dost keep thy word! I feel thy breath; thy kisses upon my lips! Thy glory shines upon me!"

Again he took the flute, and the harp again sounded forth, but more and more gently until its whisperings were lost in one long, final chord.

Sellner cast himself upon his couch. In all his heated dreams he heard the whisperings of the harp. He awoke late, wearied from the emotion of the night. He felt the touch of a supernatural hand upon his life, and within him there was a strange voice. It prophesied the speedy victory of the soul over the body.

With unutterable longing he waited for the evening. At twilight he betook himself to Josephe's room. Playing upon the flute, he lulled himself into soft dreams until the ninth hour. Hardly had the last clock stroke ceased before the harp again sent forth its strains to meet and blend with the flute tones in perfect accord. Again the pale, shimmering light shone round him. Again he cried out to his loved one: "Josephe, Josephe! Take me with thee!" Again the harp strains took leave of him in gentle whisperings.

Sellner tottered back to his room. His looks terrified his faithful servant, who hastened, in spite of his master's prohibitions, to the physician, who was also a lifelong friend of Sellner. The physician found him in a fever, with the very symptoms that had appeared in Frau Sellner's malady. The fever increased during the night. He raved ever of Josephe and the harp.

In the morning he was quieter; the struggle was over. He felt assured of speedy release. He revealed to the physician the occurrences of both evenings, and no arguments of cold reason could dissuade him from his belief. As evening came on he grew weaker and asked at last to be taken into Josephe's room. They did his bidding. He looked about him at each beloved object with tears of joy and spoke with certainty of the ninth hour as his last upon earth. The fatal moment drew near. He said farewell to all who were gathered around him and asked to be left alone with the physician.

Nine hollow strokes groaned forth from the castle tower and Sellner's face shone with a heavenly light.

"Josephe!" he cried with ineffable joy, as if God's hand had touched him. "Josephe, greet me once more ere I go, that I may know thou art near and may overcome death by thy love!"

Then the harp strings vibrated in splendid, triumphal strains, like pæans.

"I come, I come!" he cried, and sinking back, struggled with life. The harp tones grew soft and gentle, but lost no sweetness nor clearness. Suddenly Sellner's struggle ended and the strings snapped asunder. Were they torn by a supernatural hand?

The physician was bowed down in an ecstasy of awe. He closed the eyes of his friend and left the house. After years of silence concerning Sellner's death—a silence which he dreaded to break—he communicated these things to a few trusted friends and showed the harp, which he had been unwilling to leave to the mercy of rude hands.—From the German.

Art Critics.

Some genuine "voces populi" overheard at the academy are given in The National Observer. The writer "came upon a couple of old men entranced with the realism of Mr. Joy's 'Bayswater Bus.' 'That's what I call a picture,' cried one of the patriarchs. 'You can read the advertisements so plain.'

"But the best remark of all was made by a comely dame anent Mr. Sydney P. Hall's 'Viva voce In the Old Schools, Oxford.' 'Which of them is Viva Voce?' she inquired of her cavalier, who replied evasively, 'I suppose the one bending over the table.'"

Why We Eat Soup First.

It has been remarked that the habit of beginning dinner with soup doubtless grew out of the fact that aliment in this readily digested form soon enters the blood and rapidly refreshes the hungry man. In two or three minutes after taking a plate of good warm consomme the feeling of weariness disappears, and the temper is apt to be greatly improved. The custom of taking a glass of sherry before dinner is spoken of by Sir Henry Thompson as a "gastronomical and physiological blunder."

Loved His Fellow Men.

Diggs—Scribulous must be a very sympathetic man.

Figgs—What makes you think so?

Diggs—He was asked to send a copy of his latest book to the hospitals, and he wouldn't do it.—Pittsburg Post-Dispatch.

It has been found that the growth of lettuce subjected to the rays of the electric light is considerably hastened, but unfortunately the operation of the electric light on other useful plants is not uniform.

Sun spots, now believed to have an effect on meteorological phenomena, were first observed in 1611.

The Wide World 'Round.

United Testimony of the Globe Upon the Greatest of Modern Discoveries — What the Nations Say.

UNITED STATES.

R. A. GUNN, M. D., New York Medical College, says: "In severe cases of Bright's disease, where all other remedies and treatments failed, I have effected permanent cures with Warner's Safe Cure. In all ailments where the blood is in an unhealthy condition, and the general health impaired, the advantage gained from the use of Warner's Safe Cure is remarkable."

ENGLAND.

REV. J. WILSON HAFFENDEN, Birmingham, attests: "I have for years, since I left India, been a perfect martyr to indigestion, and have tried various doctors and their medicines without any permanent benefit. I was induced to try Warner's Safe Care and Pills, with the result that I am now completely restored to health entirely by the use of Warner's Safe Cure."

GERMANY.

DR. FISHER, Government district physician at Neuenburg, Wurtemburg, declares: "I have pleasnre in saying one of my patients who was suffering from Bright's disease, and who, in consultation with eminent colleagues was treated with all other known therapeutic remedies without avail, was completely cured through the use of Warner's Safe Cure."

SWITZERLAND.

Mr. J. B. HESS, teacher, of Sandbuechel by Rorschach, unhesitatingly says: "For many years my health was unsatisfactory, until in 1892 the disease showed itself in an alarming way, and it was found that I suffered from kidney disease, for which I employed Warner's Safe Cure, and after a thorough treatment was completely cured."

INDIA.

JAI JAI RAM MISSUR, a prominent railroad man of India, says: "I was attacked by a fatal disease, dropsy. My whole body was filled with water, and kidneys refused to work. I tried various remedies and skilled surgeons in vain. At last I was told to prepare for death. I commenced Warner's Safe Cure, and 20 bottles effected a complete cure."

AUSTRIA.

BARON V. WEIRETTER, M. D., of Vienna, a gentleman of standing and distinction in his profession in that land where great scientists exist, relates the following experience: "Warner's Safe Cure has effected an undeniable and eminently satisfactory cure in the family of one of my near relations."

AUSTRALIA.

HON. E. A. STONE, Judge of the Supreme Court of Australia and a legal light in the nation to which he has the honor to belong, expresses himself in these words: "I have used Warner's Safe Cure on divers occasions, being subjected to liver complaint with depression of spirits, and the use of the medicine has been attended with most satisfactory results."

FRANCE.

PROF. J. POIRAUD, B. A., B. Sc., attests: "After weeks of suffering from inflammation of the bladder, during which time, although under noted specialists, the disease steadily developed and I rapidly grew weaker, I resorted to the use of Warner's Safe Cure. It promptly relieved the painful symptoms, and I conscientiously say my present good health is solely due to Warner's Safe Cure."

There has never been, in the history of science or the nations, so united an expression from all quarters of the globe as the above. Do you not think, reader, that if this great remedy has been so valuable to the people throughout the world that it may also help you? Do not try any cheap things, but use that which has been proven purest, best and most scientific.

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June 8 1m

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W., N. & W. Railway.

In Effect Sunday, Oct. 27, 1895

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

NORTH BOUND	STATIONS	SOUTH BOUND
A. M.		P. M.
P. M.	—WILMINGTON—	P. M.
3 00	Lv.. Mulberry street ..Ar	12 40
3 38	Lv.. Jacksonville Lv	10 42
4 30	Lv.. Mayesville Lv	10 00
4 44	Lv.. Pollocksville Lv	9 35
5 50	Ar.. Newbern Lv	9 30
P M		A M

Trains 8 and 7 p m make connection with trains on A. & N. C. R. R. for Morehead City and Beaufort.
Connection with Steamers at Newbern to and from Elizabeth City and Norfolk Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Friday.
Steamer Geo. D. Purdy makes daily trips between Jacksonville and New River points.
H. A. WHITING, General Manager.
J. W. MARTIN, Traffic Manager. oct 27 tf

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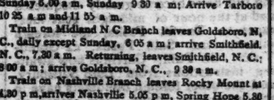


SCHEDULE IN EFFECT NOV. 17, 1895.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY 9.20 A M — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.47 a m, Warsaw 11.01 a m, Goldsboro 11.26 a m, Wilson 12.43 p m, Rocky Mount 1.20 p m, Tarboro 2.26 p m, Weldon 3.39 p m, Petersburg 5.39 p m, Richmond 6.40 p m, Norfolk 6.05 p m, Washington 11.10 p m, Baltimore 12.58 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.58 a m, Boston 3.30 p m.

DAILY 7.00 P M — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.30 p m, Warsaw 8.43 p m, Goldsboro 9.16 p m, Wilson 10.33 p m, Tarboro 6.58 a m, Rocky Mount 11.05 a m, Weldon 1.01 a m, Norfolk 10.35 a m, Petersburg 9.37 a m, Richmond 3.40 a m, Washington 7.00 a m, Baltimore 8.33 a m, Philadelphia 10.46 a m, New York 1.22 p m, Boston 3.30 p m.

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY 3.20 P M — No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.45 p m, Chadbourn 5.19 p m, Marion 6.30 p m, Florence 7.10 p m, Sumter 8.48 p m, Columbia 10.10 p m, Denmark 6.30 a m, Augusta 8.00 a m, Macon 11.00 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 11.13 p m, Savannah 1.19 a m, Jacksonville 7.55 a m, St. Augustine 10.15 a m, Tampa 6.00 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.45 P M — No. 49—Passenger—Leave Boston 1.00 p m, New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.05 a m, Baltimore 2.55 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.00 a m, Petersburg 10.00 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.52 a m, Tarboro 12.20 p m, Rocky Mount 1.05 p m, Wilson 2.10 p m, Goldsboro 3.16 p m, Warsaw 4.09 p m, Magnolia 4.16 p m.

DAILY 10.00 a m — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12.05 p m, New York 9.30 a m, Philadelphia 12.00 a m, Baltimore 2.25 p m, Washington 3.40 p m, Richmond 7.30 p m, Petersburg 8.12 p m, †Norfolk 5.10 p m, Weldon 9.44 p m, †Tarboro 3.58 p m, Rocky Mount 5.45 p m, leave Wilson 6.30 a m, Goldsboro 7.05 a m, Warsaw 8.03 a m, Magnolia 8.15 a m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 11.30 a m — No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8.20 a m, Sanford 1.00 p m, Jacksonville 6.30 p m, Savannah 12.10 night, Charleston 4.12 a m, Columbia 8.30 a m, Atlanta 7.15 a m, Macon 9.00 a m, Augusta 2.25 p m, Denmark 4.17 p m, Sumter 6.40 a m,; Florence 8.35 a m, Marion 9.08 a m, Chadbourn 10.10 a m, Lake Waccamaw 10.39 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.55 p m, Halifax 4.13 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 5.05 p m, Greenville 6.47 p m, Kinston 7 45 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7 20 a m, Greenville 8.02 a m, Arriving Halifax at 11 00 a m, Weldon 11.20 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 7.00 a. m., arrive Parmele 8.40 a. m., Tarboro 10 a m returning leaves Tarboro 4 30 p m; Parmele 6.30 p. m. arrive Washington 7.45 p. m. Daily except Sunday. Connects at Parmele with trains on Scotland Neck Branch.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, at 4.50 p m; Sunday 3.00 p m; arrive Plymouth 9 00 p m, 5.25 p m. Returning, leave Plymouth daily except Sunday 6.00 a m, Sunday 9 30 a m; Arrive Tarboro 10 25 a m and 11 55 a m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 6.05 a m; arrive Smithfield, N. C., 7.30 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield, N. C., 8.00 a m; arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 9.30 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.30 p m. Returning leaves Spring Hope 8 a m, Nashville 8.35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9.05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton daily except Sunday at 11.10 a m and 8.15 p m; returning leave Clinton at 7.00 a m, and 3.00 p m.

Trainson South and North Carolina Railroad leave Elliott 11 20 a m and 7 15 p m. Lucknow 1.00 p m, and 8.15 p m; returning leave Lucknow 6 30 a m and 2 00 p m, arrive Elliott 8 00 a m and 3 30 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 8 40 a m, arrive Latta 9.01 a m, Dillon 9 13 a m, Rowland 9 31 a m, returning leaves Rowland 6 03 p m; arrives Dillon 6.21 p m, Latta 6.34 p m, Pee Dee 6.56 p m, daily. Latta Branch trains leave Latta 6 40 p m, arrive Clio 6 08 p m. returning leave Clio 6 10 a m, arrive Latta 7 50 a m. Daily except Sunday.

Wilmington and Conway Railroad, leave Hub at 8.15 a m, Chadbourn 10.35 a m, arrive Conway 12.35 p m, leave Conway 2 30 p m, Chadbourn 4.35 p m, arrive Hub 6.50 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence 8.15 a m, 8.45 a m, *2.50 p m, 7 35 p m, arrive Darlington 8.35 a m, 9.30 a m, *3.30 p m, 8 p m. Hartsville 9.0 a m and 3.50 p m, Bennettsville 8 54 p m, Gibson 9 30 p m, Cheraw, S. C., 11.15 a m, Wadesboro 1.10 p m. Returning leave Wadesboro 2.00 p m, Cheraw 4.45 p m, Gibson 5 07 a m, Bennettsville 6 16 a m, Hartsville 6.30 a m, 5.45 a m, Darlington 7.20 a m, †7.30 p m, 4.30 p m, 6.05 p m, arrive Florence 7.55 a m, †7.55 a m, 5 p m, 6 40 p m, †Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 5.50 p m, Manning 6.31 p m, arrive Lane's 7 p m, leave Lanes 8.38 a m, Manning 9.15 a m, arrive Sumter 9.44 a m. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lanes 9.30 a m, 7.10 p m, arrive Georgetown 12 m, 8.30 p m, leave Georgetown 7 a m, 3 p m, arrive Lanes 8.35 a m, 5.35 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 9.05 p m, 11.18 p m, arrive Selma 2.53 p m, Smithfield 3.08 p m, Dunn 3.44 p m, Fayetteville 4.30 p m. 1.07 a m, Rowland 6.03 p m, returning leave Rowland 9.31 a m, Fayetteville 10.55 a m, 9.40 p m, Dunn 11.44 a m, Smithfield 12.26 p m, Selma 12.32 p m, arrive Wilson 1.30 p m, 11.25 p m.

Manchester & Augusta Railroad train leaves Darlington †7 20 a m, arrives Sumter †8 53 a m. Leave Sumter †10 a m, arrive Pregnalls †5 40 p m. Leaves Sumter 4 33 a m; arrives Denmark 8 30 a m. Returning leaves Denmark 4 17 p m, arrive Sumter 8 01 p m. Leaves Pregnalls †6 50 a m, arrives Sumter †8 05 p m. Leaves Sumter †6 25 p m, arrives Darlington †7 15 p m. †Daily except Sunday.

H. M. EMERSON, Ass't Gen'l Passenger Agent.
J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager. nov 20 tf

The State,

RALEIGH, N. C.

ON WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 23d, I WILL begin the publication at Raleigh of THE STATE, a weekly Democratic newspaper.

The

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, Nov. 30, 1895

SPOTS AND FUTURES.

New York Sun's Review of the Market Total Net Receipts of the Ports.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NEW YORK, Nov. 29.—The following are the total net receipts of cotton at all ports since September 1, 1893. Galveston, 486,083 bales; New Orleans, 798,434; Mobile, 101,611; Savannah, 399,015; Charleston, 168,818; Wilmington, 104,895; Norfolk, 121,965; Baltimore, 13,736; New York, 32 603; Boston, 36 307; Newport News, 4,832; Philadelphia, 17.648; West Point, 89,666; Brunswick, 27.174; Port Royal, 29,959; Texas City, 14,917; Pensacola, 3,900. Total, 2 427,033.

The *Sun* says: Cotton fell eight points, recovered most of this and dropped eleven points below Wednesday's closing prices, then rallied slightly and closed steady at a net decline of nine to ten points, with sales of 167,500 bales.

To-day's features: A downward reaction in Liverpool due to reports that the political situation in Turkey was less favorable had much to do with the decline here to-day. A subsequent rally was caused by the small crop movement and local covering. The later recession was due to local liquidation, attacks by the German element, European selling and an absence of speculation. Gold exports were resumed. The Liverpool market continued active however, and futures there closed very steady. Private Liverpool dispatches expressed the opinion that the receipts at American ports are too light to warrant the expectation of a continued decline and another dispatch said that the large bear houses are losing some of their followers. Consols closed steady at Wednesday's price and French rentes were twenty centimes higher—facts which seemed to controvert the idea that there is any real uneasiness in Europe regarding the political situation. As to the crop movement, it is much smaller for the week than even the bulls had expected. The amount brought into sight is estimated at only 275.000 to 280,000 bales, against 510.000 for the same week last year and 324,051 in 1893, when the yield was 6,700,000 bales. The port receipts for the week were estimated at 205 000 to 210,000 bales and they proved to be only 194,800. The interior towns were expected to get 143,000 bales, but the actual figures turn out to be less. The New Orleans estimate for to-morrow is rather liberal, but the estimate for Houston is small. In the main, it was a local liquidating market which declined in the absence of outside support.

FOOT BALL FATALITIES.

In Games at Eureka, Kansas, and Decatur, Illinois.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

EUREKA KANS, November 29.—In a foot ball game here yesterday, between Lewis Academy of Wichita and the Southern Kansas Academy, of this place. Robert Jeane, of the Eureka team, received spinal injuries that are thought to be fatal. He is unconscious, but completely paralyzed.

DECATUR, ILLS, November 28.—As a result of the foot ball game here yesterday between the Y. M. C. A. eleven of Springfield and the local team, Wm. McGerron, of the visitors, is likely to die. His home is in Chicago and he is private secretary to the State Treasurer. He went down in a scrimmage and the two elevens fell upon him. When they arose McGerron was unconscious. The attending physician fears he is suffering with concussion of the brain.

GOLD EXPORTS.

Withdrawals of Large Amounts from the New York Sub-Treasury for Shipment to Europe.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Nov. 29.—The sum of $1,950,000 gold was withdrawn from the sub-Treasury for export to Europe to-morrow. Of this amount $750,000 were in coin and $500,000 in bars. It is stated that L. VonHoffman & Co. will hold $500,000 of the $1,000,000 which they intended shipping to-morrow. It is also rumored that one or more firms may withdraw $1,000 000 early to-morrow for shipment by the European steamers which do not sail until a late hour. The sum of $50 000 gold was deposited in the sub Treasury to-day.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT

Of Stocks, Receipts and Exports of Cotton.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Nov. 29.—The following is the comparative cotton statement for the week ending this date:

	1895	1894
Net receipts at all United States ports during the week...	194,358	359,449
Total receipts to this date.....	2,427,033	3,599,833
Exports for the week	148,192	249,486
Total exports to this date.....	1,888,704	2,184,107
Stock in all United States ports.....	978,803	1,147,913
Stock at all interior towns.....	210,075	173,778
Stock in Liverpool...	923,000	850,000
American afloat for Great Britain.....	213,000	316,000

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

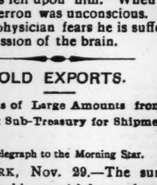
By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, November 29.—Spirits turpentine quiet and steady at 27¾@28c. Rosin firm; strained common to good $1 75@1 77½.

CHARLESTON, November 29.—Spirits turpentine firm at 25c; receipts 61 casks. Rosin firm; good strained $1 20 @1 25; receipts 358 barrels.

SAVANNAH, November 29.—Spirits turpentine firm at 25½c; sales 700 casks; receipts 1,014 casks. Rosin firm at an advance; sales 4,000 barrels; quotations: A, B and C $1 25, D $1 35, E $1 45, F $1 50, G $1 55, H $1 60, I $1 75, K $1 90, M $2 30, N $2 80, window glass $3 25, water white $3 50.

ROYAL



BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

A cream of tartar baking powder. Highest of all in leavening strength. —*Latest United States Government Food Report.*

Royal Baking Powder Co.,

106 Wall Street, N.Y.

LATE FOREIGN NEWS.

FEARS FOR THE SAFETY OF AMERICAN MISSIONARIES IN ARMENIA.

Their Theological Seminary Plundered and Burned—The Sultan Still Parleying with the Powers—New Cardinals Created by the Pope of Rome—The Greek Government Fitting Out Iron-clads for Active Service.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

CONSTANTINOPLE, November 29.—Turkish troops en route to Zeitun have arrived at Marash, where they have halted pending the result of negotiations with the Armenians who are in possession of Zeitun. The conditions offered to the Armenians include the surrender of their arms, as well as the leaders of the recent revolt at Zeitun to the Turkish troops. Trustworthy advices say that the rising of the Armenians at Zeitun followed an attempt on the part of the troops of the Turkish garrison to pillage the city.

Armenian survivors of the massacres at Arabirkir, Moosh and Harpoot, these advices say, have been offered the choice of embracing Islamism or being put to the sword.

The Americans in Harpoot, Bitlas and Marash are virtually prisoners in their houses. It is not safe for Christians to go into the streets, and the escort which was provided for the American missionaries by order of the Porte upon the application of Minister Terrell, are afraid to leave Harpoot on account of the dangers they are almost certain to encounter on the roads from murderous bands. No mails have passed over the Bagdad route for three weeks.

WASHINGTON, November 29.—The State Department has advices by cable from Minister Terrell that the missionaries' school of science at Marash was burned on the 19th inst., but that the missionaries are safe. He also telegraphs that the Aintab College is protected. Both of these are American institutions.

MUNICH, November 29.—The correspondent of the *Nueste Nachrichter* at Constantinople telegraphs a report of an interview had by him with Halil Rifal Pasha, the Turkish Grand Vizier, in which that official declares that if the united fleets of the Powers shall make a demonstration at Constantinople the Porte will inform the Powers that the Turkish Government renounces all responsibility for the consequences, especially as regards the matter of protection to foreigners.

ROME, November 29.—A secret consistory was held at the Vatican to-day over which the Pope presided. The session ended at noon, when it was announced that His Holiness was in fair health and had made a speech of some length eulogizing the new Cardinals whom the consistory had elevated to the Sacred College. The prelates elevated to the cardinalate by the consistory were Archbishop Sembratowicz, of Lemberg, Austria; Archbishop Haller, of Salzburg, Austria; Archbishop Cascajeres Y. Azara, Archbishop of Valladolid, Spain; Archbishop Boyer, of Bourges, France; Mgr. Gotti, Archbishop of Petra; Archbishop Satolli, Apostolic Delegate to the United States; Bishop Casanas Y, Pages, of Seo De Urgel Spain; Bishop Manara, of Ancona, Italy, and Bishop Perraud, of Autun, France.

BERLIN, November 29.—A dispatch from Athens to the Cologne *Gazette* says that great activity is being observed in fitting out Greek iron-clads for sea service and that the Greek Government is arranging with the National Bank for a loan of 500,000 francs to be expended for that purpose.

CONSTANTINOPLE, November 29.—Upon the strength of the assurances given by the Porte to Sir Philip Currie, British ambassador to Turkey, that the Sultan would permit each of the Powers to send into the Bosphorus a second guardship, Sir Philip telegraphed to Admiral Seymour, commanding the British Mediterranean squadron, requesting him to dispatch the gunboat Dryad to the Bosphorus at once. The Dryad was expected to arrive at Osanakkale at eleven o'clock on the morning of November 28th and the Porte was so informed, but no authority to pass through the straits of Dardanelles had been given up to the time of writing this dispatch. The Sultan upon learning this news became greatly disquieted and at the hour of midnight sent messages to Tewfik Pasha, the foreign minister and Said Pasha, ex-Grand-Vizier. Sir Philip Currie is now awaiting instructions from Lord Salisbury, and the other foreign diplomats have in the meantime asked their respective governments for instructions.

CONSTANTINOPLE, November 29.—Despite the Porte's repeated promises to the American Minister, Mr. Terrell, the missionaries at Marash were not afforded protection until eight hours after the second terrible massacre at that place, during which the American Theological Semitary was plundered and burned. The missionaries reported on November 26th that they were safe, but since then nothing has been heard of them. The non-arrival of letters giving details of the disorders of Kharput and Marsovan on November 10th and 18th creates the belief that the missionaries' mail has been stopped.

LONDON, November 29.—The *Times* will to-morrow publish a dispatch from Julfa, dated November 28th, saying that the Armenian villages between Persia and Van, to the number of forty-six have been destroyed by the Hamidieh cavalry. All the reports say that the number of persons killed was very large. The refugees are mostly going to the city of Van. There will probably be a massacre in Van soon. Cannon are trained on the houses of the Armenians and the trees along the streets have been felled to give free range to their fire.

Reports say that the Hamidieh cavalry are raiding the entire Province of Van and committing horrible atrocities.

LYNCHING IN GEORGIA.

A Negro Murderer Shot to Death by Mob.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ATLANTA, GA., November 29.—A special to the *Constitution* from Montezuma, says that Tony Sutton, a negro, was shot to death by a mob late yesterday. Sutton killed W. T. Sangster, in Dooley county, last Tuesday. He was captured yesterday, and while on the way to jail, Sutton was taken from the officers, carried into the woods and shot. Sutton said that he killed Sangster for revenge, was glad of it, and did not care what was done to him.

A NEW MARCH

Played by the Marine Band Dedicated to the Atlantic Coast Line.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, November 29.—The Marine Band at their concert this morning played for the first time a new march, written by their leader, Prof. Pancuilli, called the "Florida Special March," dedicated to the Atlantic Coast Line and complimentary to A. L. Reed, district passenger agent in this city.

Augusta, Ga., has started a plan to include the whole South for a Southern Cotton Exposition in Chicago.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

CONDITION OF TRADE.

A FALLING OFF COMPARED WITH THE PREVIOUS WEEK.

Remains Unchanged in the South with Some Improvement in Mercantile Collections.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, November 29.—Bradstreet's to-morrow will say: The volume of general trade shows a falling off compared with the preceding week, largely owing to the intervention of the Thanksgiving holiday, but in part to the continued effect of mild weather East and South, storms in the Central West, and the usual disinclination of buyers to add to stocks during the closing month of the year.

Western jobbers report activity noticeable in clothing, woolien goods, rubbers, shoes and holiday specialties, with some increased demand for coal and light hardware.

General trade remains unchanged at the South, with mercantile collections in some instances improving, the tendency of cotton to move slowly and the movement of merchandise smaller than in October. Texas merchants report a fair movement of notions and fancy goods.

There are 288 business failures reported throughout the United States this week, a noticeable falling off from the total one week before, 328, and even when compared with the total one year ago, 307.

The most striking industrial feature is the continued reaction in prices in iron and steel, Bessemer pig being off 25c and steel billets fractionally lower, with reactions in prices for wire, sheets and other forms. There is little likelihood of an increased demand or a reversal of the price movement prior to the middle of January.

There is an improved demand for boots and shoes at Baltimore, Chicago and St. Louis, as well as at some New England manufacturing centres, while at Philadelphia the demand is not so conspicuous as previously.

Dry goods are quieter with the continued unseasonably mild weather and the revival of the holiday trade. The strength of cotton maintains the price of cotton goods.

Stock speculation at New York is waiting for the meeting of Congress and for the beginning of the agitation over the currency, which is considered probable at this session.

Bank clearings throughout the United States amounted to $870 000,000 this week and reflect rather more than the customary falling off incidental to Thanksgiving week. The decrease as compared with the preceding week amounting to 23 per cent.

The general tendency of prices of staples continues in line with that shown in two or three preceding weeks—a clear majority of these usually quoted showing decreases as compared with the week before, notably various forms of steel and iron, including wire, hides, live stock, wheat, flour, Indian corn, oats, pork, lard, coffee, petroleum and print cloths. Practically unchanged quotations are announced for lumber, coal, leather, naval stores, leaf tobacco, sugar and wool. The more conspicuous advances appear to be confined to wheat ¼c a bushel, cotton ¼c a pound and some of the cheaper grades of paper stock fractionally.

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

Wheat Firm and Higher—Corn and Oats Advanced in Sympathy With Wheat—May Lard and Ribs Lower.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, Nov. 29.—The difference between December and May wheat widened considerably to-day. It was assumed to be the purpose and desire of Armour, as indicated by recent interviews and actions, that this should take place. The wheat that was sold indiscriminately on Wednesday was bought back to-day and little of it showed a credit to the account of the speculator. The tremendous deliveries of December wheat announced by the millionaire packer and elevator proprietor seemed to have lost their power to frighten holders and prices made a distinct gain of May. The business in the pit whilst mostly of a local character was, however, quite the largest in a long time. May contracts were transferred from December to May and a considerable liquidation in the former month was not accompanied by corresponding purchases or sales in the latter. May wheat opened from 60¾ to 60¼@60¼c, sold between 60@60¾ and 60¾@61c, closing at 60¾ to 60¾—¾c higher than Wednesday. Cash wheat was firm and ¼c per bushel higher.

Corn developed no traits by which the trade was distinguished from that of any day for a month past. May corn opened at 29c, sold between 28¾@29 and 29@29¼c, closing at 29c bid—¼c higher than Wednesday. Cash corn was steady.

Oats—Inactivity was the predominating characteristic of oats. The firmness of the other grains contributed force enough to sustain and even cause a slight advance, but the business was lacking. May oats closed a shade above Wednesday. Cash oats were steady.

Provisions—On a reported decline of 5@10c in live hogs at the yards there was a corresponding weakness in products at the opening. The strength of grain counteracted that influence later and a comparatively steady feeling prevailed through the session until shortly before the close, when lard and ribs weakened again. At the close May pork was a shade higher, May lard 2½@5 lower and May ribs 5c lower.

BANK FAILURE.

The Chattahoochee National of Columbus, Georgia.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

COLUMBUS, GA., November 29.—The Chattahoochee National Bank of this city did not open this morning. The directors held a meeting yesterday and decided to pursue this course. A continued withdrawal of deposits, shrinkage of values of securities, and inability to realize on assets promptly, is assigned as the reason for suspension. The deposits amount to about $120,000. The officials think they can pay out with 40 per cent. of the assets.

DRY GOODS MARKET

General Tone Quiet—No Change in Prices.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, November 29.—The dry goods market re-opened after the holiday with previously quiet conditions undisturbed so far as business coming to hand is concerned. Buyers have, as usual after a holiday, been in poor attendance and spot business has yielded but slight results in any direction, whilst the accumulation of two days mail orders has hardly proved more than an average day's employment. The general tone is quiet, but there is no change in prices in any direction.

The British steamer Cromwell yesterday sailed from Galveston for New Orleans, after having remained there sixteen days in a vain hope of securing a cargo. Owing to the extreme shortness of the cotton crop she was forced to go light to New Orleans.

A Child Enjoys

The pleasant flavor, gentle action and soothing effects of Syrup of Figs, when in need of a laxative, and if the father or mother be costive or bilious, the most gratifying results follow its use; so that it is the best family remedy known and every family should have a bottle on hand.

REPUBLICAN PROGRAMME

For the Approaching Session of Congress—Reed Rules the Roost—Economy in Public Expenditures Will be the Fad.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, November 29.—Rigid economy in public expenditures will be the Republican programme for next Winter. Mr. Reed has impressed this necessity upon a number of the older members whom he honors with his confidence and with whom he finds time, notwithstanding the rush of callers, to consult regarding matters not connected with the personnel of the committees. This does not mean that a "cheese-paring" policy will be adopted or that the great public works now in process of construction will be discontinued in order to reduce appropriations, but it does mean that not a dollar will be expended unnecessarily. It means, too, that no money will be voted for new public buildings, except where urgent necessity exists. It is also understood to mean that the River and Harbor Committee will be so constituted as to reduce those appropriations to the lowest point consistent with the needs of the Government. If this policy be faithfully observed, it will follow that a number of small streams and harbors upon which moneys have been expended with more or less liberality in past years will be passed over by the next House, notwithstanding the probability that the members interested in these works may use their influence to defeat the bill.

Mr. Reed has not, so far as can be learned, formulated any policy with respect to tariff or financial legislation. Not only he, but the other Republican leaders in the House, are disposed to await the President's message before deciding what course the party shall pursue upon this and other questions of national importance.

The continued deficit in the Treasury is causing some uneasiness among the members and the suggestions which have been advanced to meet the situation are as diverse as the sections they represent, and all sorts of antagonisms are manifested. Mr. Reed is quoted as saying that no measure increasing tariff rates will (in his opinion) be signed by the President even if it pass the Senate, which he regards as problematical. The contention that the desired relief cannot be found in the adoption of a proper currency measure, having for its primary object the retirement of the greenbacks, does not meet the approval of the majority of the Republicans, although it is believed that a recommendation upon these lines will be contained in the President's message. It is also asserted that the President will contend that under the present tariff law custom receipts will so increase that they will be equal to all the requirements of the public service.

Mr. Reed maintains a studied silence upon all matters connected with the committees. Gossip, however, assigns Mr. Henderson, of Iowa, to the chairmanship of the Committee on Appropriations; Mr. Payne, of New York, or Mr. Dingley, of Maine, to the head of the Ways and Means Committee, and Mr. Boutelle to the head of the Naval Committee. Mr. Reed is overwhelmed with callers and the number grows with the additional arrivals of members in town. Attendance at the Saturday night caucus promises to be unusually great.

It was reported at a late hour to-night that Reed has practically settled upon Representative James S. Sherman, of New York, as chairman of the House Committee on Indian Affairs, and Charles A. Chickering, of New York, as head of the Committee on Railroads and Canals. Hooker, of New York, is by the same rumor assigned to the head of the Committee on Rivers and Harbors, and in the same way Dalzell, of Pennsylvania, is assigned to the head of the Committee on the Judiciary.

WARM WIRELETS.

Secretary Hoke Smith will leave Washington Sunday night for Atlanta, where he will spend Monday and Tuesday. On December 3rd he will address the Georgia Legislature on the financial question.

John Williams and David Rose wealthy stock traders of Wolfe county, Ky., fought a savage duel to the death yesterday at Hazel Green. Williams was killed and Rose died later. They had a dispute over business.

Two masked men held up the northbound passenger train on the Fort Worth & Denver Railroad Thursday They forced an entrance into the Express car, but the messenger was unable to open the through safe and the bandits secured no money. The men jumped and escaped.

At Anderson, S. C., Chas. Saxton, a negro, was killed by Joe E. Burgess, white. From the evidence at the coroner's inquest it was shown that the negro was incensed over his discharge and attacked the white man with a hoe. The white man seized a gun and killed the negro during the fight. A verdict of self defence was rendered.

KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

For Rent,

HOUSE CORNER OF FIFTH and Mulberry, ten rooms, suitable for a Boarding House. Will be rented very low. Apply to D. O'CONNOR, Real Estate Agent.

nov 26 3t

Oranges, Oranges,

10,000 FINE ORANGES, 50 BARRELS

Fancy Apples, 2,000 Cocoanuts, 100 boxes Cheese, Raisins, Mixed Nuts, Firecrackers, Fancy Candies and lots of other goods at very low prices.

B. F. KEITH CO.

128 and 130 North Water Street, Wilmington, N. C.

nov 26 tf

Makes People Well.

Most Remarkable Remedy in the World.

One True Medicine for Lost Nervous Strength.

CURES EFFECTED BY PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND.

What Scientific Research Has Accomplished.

Proved by Success Where All Else Has Failed.

There is one true specific for diseases arising from a debilitated nervous system, and that is the Paine's celery compound so generally prescribed by physicians. It is probably the most remarkable remedy that the scientific research of this country has produced. Prof. Edward E. Phelps, M D., LL. D., of Dartmouth college, first prescribed what is now known the world over as Paine's celery compound, a positive cure for dyspepsia, biliousness, liver complaint, neuralgia, rheumatism and kidney troubles. For the latter Paine's celery compound has succeeded again and again where everything else has failed.

Washington correspondents have recently given it a great deal of attention since the most wonderful cure effected in the case of Commodore Howell.

The medical journals of the country have given more space in the last few years to the many remarkable cases where the use of Paine's celery compound has made people well than to any other one subject.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost and Found Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department, in leaded Nonpareil type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms, positively cash in advance.

A. L. Butt's Panorama will be exhibited at Bladen Street Church, for its benefit, on next Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday nights See handbill. 10 cents admission. nov 30 1t

The public is invited to inspect the windows of Mr. A. P. Levy, proprietor of the French Cafe, as he has prepared a Thanksgiving Novelty and Treat. All customers are invited to call in and see his display, at 115 Princess street, Wilmington, N. C. nov 28 tf

Turkeys—If you missed getting one yesterday for Thanksgiving I have a nice lot that you can select from this morning. Neil McKinnon, No. 3 South Water street. c31

$25.00 to $50.00 per week using and selling Old Reliable Plater. Every family has rusty, worn knives, forks, spoons, etc. Quickly plated by dipping in melted metal. No experience or hard work; a good situation. Address W. P. Harrison & Co., Clerk No. 14, Columbus, Ohio. nov 26 tf

Free Photographs—To the one who will give me the best written Advertisement for my business containing not over thirty five words, between now and December 15th, I will give one dozen finest Cabinets. U. C. Ellis, Photographer, No. 114 Market street. nov 26 tf

Telephone 161. For best quality of Wood and Coal delivered any where in the city call up Telephone 161. John H. Whiteman & Son. nov 7 1m

Electrical Bicycle Bells applied to Bicycles by Howard & King, No. 101 Front and Market streets. sep 21 tf

Beer on draught and any drink known to American or French Saloonists. Free lunch from eleven a. m. until one o'clock and from five to seven o'clock p. m., at A. P. Levy's French Cafe, Princess street. sep 5 tf

The celebrated pale Kyffhauser Beer! Sold only by F. Richter, Wilmington, N. C.

Baskets, Vegetable Baskets for the shipment of Peas, Beans, Cucumbers, etc. For sale at Jno. S. McEachern's Grain and Feed Store 211 Market street. c31

Hayden, P. H., has in stock buggies, road Carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House c31

True Bermuda Easter Lily.

(LILIUM HARRISII.)

THIS MAMMOTH WHITE TRUMPET LILY with flowers four to five inches long, is the best of all Lilies for winter forcing and flowering, because its grand, trumpet-shaped flowers, which give forth a delicious perfume, are wonderfully beautiful and preserve as a pot plant as well as cut flowers, for the spike is thickly studded with bloom, which are lovely as cut flowers and keep a long time in water.

If you want them to bloom Easter plant them now. Mammoth bulbs 25c. JAS. D. BUTT, The Druggist.

nov 10 tf

A Comfortable Shoe

Is a happy combination of fine leather, superiority in manufacture and a perfect fit. You can't be easy unless your feet are. Our "Old Gents' comfort's Shoe" at $3.00 will make you easy and comfortable.

Our Pointed Toe Lace Shoes at $2.50 and $3.00 will give you both style and comfort. Don't fail to see our new "HEALTH AND COMFORT" SHOE with a felt innersole. Try one pair and you'll wear no other.

Geo. R. French & Sons.

nov 17 tf

W. E. SPRINGER & CO.,

Purcell Building,

Wilmington, N. C., are now showing a very desirable line of

Cooking Stoves,

Oil Heaters

of several kinds, styles and sizes.

They will certainly give you as low prices for first quality goods as any house can possibly do and be successful. They realize the competition that confronts them, but the heavier the load the harder they must pull. oct 18 tf

JOHNSON & FORE

Call special attention to their ELEGANT LINE of

DRESS GOODS

—AND—

TRIMMINGS.

Our Millinery Department

IS FULL OF THE

LATEST STYLES OF

Hats, Bonnets, Ribbons,

Ostrich and Fancy Feathers,

French Novelties, &c.

We have the only EXPERT TRIMMER in the city.

All orders are promptly and satisfactorily filled.

Johnson & Fore,

Importing Retailers,

No. 111 Market St.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

oct 27 tf

Big Auction Sale

—OF—

Dry Goods

—AND—

Notions,

TO COMMENCE

Wednesday, Oct. 30th,

At 10 O'clock,

AND CONTINUE FOR TEN DAYS.

Entire Stock Must Go.

A. H. MORRIS will conduct the sales. Everybody come.

C. E. GORDON,

N. E. Cor. Front and Market Sts.

oct 30 tf Wilmington, N. C.

J. W. Murchison

Has now in stock a complete assortment of

Hardware

Tinware,

Agricultural Implements

Cutlery, Guns, Pistols, Powder, Shot, Caps

Loaded and Unloaded Shells, &c.

In fact, the prudent buyer, who always wants the

Best Goods at the Lowest Prices

Will find just what he wants in our large variety and assortment.

Don't forget that our leading points are

QUALITY, DURABILITY, RELIABILITY AND HONEST PRICES.

Call and examine our immense stock.

J. W. MURCHISON,

Old Stand of Giles & Murchison, Orton Building, Wilmington, N. C.

oct 25 tf

Santa Claus Moving.

200 boxes and pails Candy.
2,000 C. C. Nuts.
35 barrels Apples.
100 bundles W. P. Caps.
100 bags Shot.
75 barrels Sugar.
200 pounds Nutmeg.

We appreciate every order every time. W. B. COOPER,

Wholesale Grocer and Commission Merchant, 226 North Water Street.

nov 24 tf D&W Wilmington, N. C.

KATZ & POLVOGT,

No. 9 North Front St.

A STORE FULL OF STYLISH THINGS

In garments, in fabrics, in trimmings. Come when you please. Wander through the Store. Criticise or compliment. You are free to do either, and our salespeople will take pleasure in showing these fashionable goods. Perhaps a price or two may interest, and we add these:

The Eclat.

This garment is all Wool, worth $10.00, this week $6.00. Two hundred new garments have just been opened.

What Corset Do You Wear?

Somebody told you a long time ago that a certain Corset was good. Yes, it was, but there are, perhaps, one or two makes that are better adapted to your figure. With our large stock and skilled corset salespeople, we can give you the Corset that you most need. Will you let us try?

The W. B. America's leading Corset this week $1.00.

In the Linen Department.

Every day there are one or two things that are worthy of extra attention. To-day it's a lot of Damasks—wide enough and fine enough to suit almost any one. And here's the price asked for them: Worth $1.15, this week 89c yard.

Trimmings.

If you haven't decided about the garniture for that fall gown, let us help you. A well equipped trimming stock is at our right hand.

Evening Silks.

Twenty beautiful fabrics that were picked for evening gowns. No two alike in color or pattern. It is best not to delay with these, for the one you think prettiest may be gone if you come late, 75c to $2.00 a yard.

Katz & Polvogt,

No 9 North Front St.,

nov 24 tf

J. R. WILLARD & CO.

MEMBERS:

Chicago Board of Trade,
New York Produce Exchange,
New York Cons. Stock Exchange.

We will send free the only 4-page Market Letter issued daily from New York and Chicago. Also a Market Dictionary defining all commercial and financial terms and furnishing the most valuable statistics relating to stocks and grain. Send for them.

Orders in stocks, cotton and grain solicited in any amount for cash or on 3 to 5 per cent. margin.

46 Broadway and 45 New St., New York.
17 Board of Trade, Chicago. nov 14 1m

For Sale Cheap, or Lease.

Twenty Crops Pullinex Turpentine Boxes.
Nine Crops Virgin Turpentine Boxes.
Two Hundred and Twenty-five Dip Barrels.
Two Stills and Fixtures.
Three Double Wagons.
Eleven Mules and Two Horses.
From which I have made this year 800 barrels spirits.

Located only fifteen miles from Brunswick, Ga., and sixty miles from Savannah. Both good Naval Store Markets, directly on the Southern Railroad. Address me.

DAVIS DUBBERLY,

nov 8 1m Penick, Ga.

S. H. Fishblate,

KING CLOTHIER.

OUR STOCK PURCHASED BEFORE THE ADVANCE IN PRICES.

Goods sold at retail less than present wholesale prices.

All Wool Cheviot Suits $6.00, worth $12.00.

See our $7.50 Cassimere Suits, equal to any $12.50.

Hundreds of Children's Suits, all Wool, $1.50 up, worth double the Money.

NEW HATS AND FURNISHINGS.

It would be pure folly and a waste of money to pay the exorbitant prices that you are called upon to put up for a hat, simply because you buy from an exclusive hatter. We show an immense assortment of all the newest shapes and shades in Derbys and Alpines, at prices that are right and which are from 25 per cent. to 33⅓ per cent. below others.

DRESS SHIRTS,
PERCALE SHIRTS,
NEGLIGEE SHIRTS,
NOBBY NECKWEAR,
DRESS GLOVES,
SIGHTLY HOSIERY.

Your money back if you want it.

S. H. Fishblate,

KING CLOTHIER.

oct 13 tf

—THE—

Purpose

of This Store,

A. DAVID & Co.,

Is to serve the people of Wilmington with the best service and the best goods for the money that the market affords. It is the principle upon which this Store is founded It is the principle upon which the Store is maintained. To fail to complain of any unsatisfactory purchase is the gravest wrong you can inflict on this Store. Your money back for the asking, applies to out of town as well as town patrons. Out of town patrons write us if any purchase is unsatisfactory, and you'll get your money back by return mail, by telegraph if you say so. But give us the chance and we'll prove that we are selling to please. To better this Store, to make it perfect is our desire.

Children's Department

contains many new and original ideas in

Reefer Suits and Reefer Overcoats.

Men's Sack & Frock Suits

made to fit the smallest to the largest, and from the tallest to the stoutest.

A. DAVID & CO.,

FRONT AND PRINCESS ST.

nov 17 tf

FANCY WORK FOR CHRISTMAS.

ZEPHYR.

Every imaginable color, plain and variegated, split and single, 5c per dozen.

EMBROIDERY SILK.

All Colors, 3 yard spools, 10c dozen.

WASH SILK.

25 yard spools, 9c a spool

CROCHET COTTON

In all colors, 5c a spool.

LINEN AND FRINGE

3½ inch wide, 5c yard, sold elsewhere 12½c.

SILKS, SILKS, SILKS.

Plain and Changeable 40c silks, 25c. New lot $1.00 Silks, this week 79c. Black Brocade Silks 48c. New lot Figured Silk, 45c.

CLOTHING.

Children's Knee Pants 20, 35, 48 and 85c. Children's Suits, good value $1.48. $3 Blue, Black and Brown Cheviot Suits, $1.89. Boy's Suits, 14 to 19 years. All Wool, $2 25. Boy's $7 50 Suits this week, $5.35. Men's all Wool Black Cheviot Suits, $4 00. Men's Dark Gray and Brown Business Suits, $4 50. Men's $12 50 Suits this week $8 25. All Wool $3 00 Pants, $2 25. $6 00 and $7.00 Pants, $4 00. Men's all Wool Overcoats, $7 50. Men's $15 00 Velvet Collar Overcoats, $9 50

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.

$1 50 grade Red and White Flannel Underwear, 95c. Double Front and Back Gray Undershirts, 45c. 50c Overshirts only 35c. Big lot of Half Hose at Reduced Prices.

Yours, for Bargains,

J. H. REHDER & CO.

'Phone 118. Next Fourth Street Bridge.

Car fare paid on purchases over $2 00.

nov 17 tf

Seasonable Goods,

Such as Butter, Cheese, Cakes and Crackers, Nuts, Candies, &c., &c., are being received daily.

Our Albion Patent Flour is a trade winner. Call or write for prices.

A small lot of 6 inch Shingles at less than dealers' prices.

HALL & PEARSALL,

Nutt and Mulberry streets